Bellefonte Republican.

Watchman

Established In 1869 | "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. | TERMS : $1 50 Per Year

VOL. XXIX | BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 20, 1898. | NO. 40

WHY SPAIN NAGS!

Believes the American Army Not Competent.

GRASPING AT ALL STRAWS

It is Now Rumored That an Army Great in Size Will be Sent to Cuba to Disabuse Such a Wrong Impression.

PEACE IS NOT YET IN SIGHT

WASHINGTON, October 18.—Information has reached the war department that a high officer of the Spanish army recently made the statement that, had the Spaniards been aware of the condition of the American army, in its inability to withstand the hardships of a campaign, its lack of medical and other supplies and general inefficiency as told in the American papers, the Spaniards would not have given up, but would have continued fighting for a long time to come, fully believing that they would have been able to prevent the capture of Cuba by American arms. This statement is known to have been made to the American officers now in Cuba and causes some uneasiness in official circles, as it may mean that the Spaniards are not yet ready to yield the islands under the terms of the protocol.

It is believed by officials in Washington that had it not been for the outcry made regarding the army and the conduct of the war that there never would have been any question raised by the Spanish peace commissioners regarding the Cuban debate. It is pointed out that under the protocol the sole question left for the committee was the settlement of the Philippines and that nothing was said about the Cuban debt or any other Cuban question. By those who are in position to know, it is asserted that the Madrid government was aware when it asked for peace and when negotiations were opened that it was useless to ask that the Cuban debt be taken into consideration by any commission and that it is only since the reports of the bad condition of the United States army have reached Madrid that the question has been raised.

Another matter that causes grave consideration in the war department is the temper of the Spaniards in Cuba and the fear that the impression which now prevails there may lead them to regard the American troops of not much account and act accordingly after the occupancy by the United States. The matter has been discussed in the war department and it is probable that when the troops are sent to Cuba there will be a force of such size and character as to give the islanders a different impression of United States soldiers than they now entertain.

"The impression among the Spaniards in Cuba," said an officer in a position to know what is going on, "is that the American soldiers are weak and puny, incapable of withstanding hardships and whom it will be an easy matter to vanquish. This feeling may make it difficult for the Americans at first. This impression is due to the charges that have been made against the war department with such virulence and insistence during the past few months.

May Re-enlist.

Adjutant General Stewart says that former members of the National guard, who enlisted in the United States service and were honorably discharged, will be given sixty days after their muster out to re-enlist in the National guard, and those who re-enlist within the next sixty days will be credited with continuous service in the National guard. The old regiments will retain their old numbers.

THE CORONER'S JURY.

Render a Verdict in the Case of Mrs. J. M. Garbrick.

The Coroner's jury met Monday evening at 8 o'clock in E. R. Chambers office to hear evidence and decide as to the cause of the death of Mrs. J. Mitchell Garbrick, who was killed on Monday evening, October 10th.

The jury was made up as follows Coroner M. J. Locke, Edward Chambers, H. P. Harris, Wm. Waddle, John Walsh, H. H. Montgomery and George Weight.

The evidence was as follows:

J. M. Garbrick, Sworn—wife had been ill from last June a year ago: had been well for 2 years previous. Met Miss Parry in fall of 1896-97; Mr. Stine invited her to see my wife: Miss Parry became intimately acquainted and my wife got worse and said she was tormented with the devil because Miss Parry had caused her to leave her church, taught her that there was no devil and that she had no right to sleep with her husband. I believe my wifes condition was owing to the teachings and treatment of Faith cure and Christian Science. She charged her $5 per week for treatment. His wife went to race to drown herself but couldn't do it, she became turned against Miss Parry and often said she would murder Miss Parry and then she could get well. Everytime Miss Parry treated her she got worse, she never was insane before she saw Miss Parry. Monday night after we went to bed she went out of the house, and a short time after she was killed. She was under instructions of Miss Parry and would take no medicine as it made her worse Check of five dollars was drawn in favor of Miss Parry, my wife told me she would never die a natural death—Prior to meeting Miss Parry she never was out of her mind and always slept with me until Miss Parry treated her.

Mrs. Lew Gettig, Sworn—She lived in the same building which is a double house. Had known Mrs. Garbrick 3 years, had conversation with her the last year. She blamed Miss Parry and her work for her ailment. She called treatment communion with God and gave no medicine. She never said anything against Miss Parry until the last year when I considered her insane.

Mrs. O C Stines worn—knew Mrs. J M. Garbrick. She tried to live on a high spiritual plan before she knew Miss Parry. Mrs. Garbrick said she was lost and had committed the unpardonable sin. The last 6 months she destroyed the Christian Science books and turned against Miss Parry Mrs. Garbrick said God told her to select a coat for her girl which she did, many years before she saw Mrs. Parry.

Mrs. John Shadle sworn—Mrs. Garbrick told me it was through Miss Parry that she got worse within the last year, that she was afraid of Miss Parry and blamed all her trouble on her. She told me she had committed an unpardonable sin; she said she would like to do different but Miss Parry prevented. She charged $1 and $4.00 per week.

Mrs. Curns sworn—Mrs. Garbrick told me she was possessed with the devil and had committed an unpardonable sin; she said there was no death but a change; did not think she was of sound mind for the last year; she said she tried to get away from it. Thought perhaps that Miss Parry was responsible for Mrs. Garbrick's death.

The verdict of the jury was as follows:

We find that Mrs. Emma Garbrick met her death on the evening Oct. 10 1898 by having thrown herself under the cars on the P. R. R. near Gerberich, Hale & Co's mill in the boro of Bellefonte with suicidal intent, she being of unsound mind partly produced by the influence of one, Miss Rebecca Parry.

EMINENTLY DESERVED IT

The Three Second West Virginia Privates.

A NURSE IS ALSO IN TROUBLE

While He Slept the Patient, Who Afterward Died, Became Delirious and Wandered About the Grounds.

ORDERS TO REGIMENT COMMANDERS

CAMP MEADE, MIDDLETOWN, Pa., Oct. 19.—The three Second West Virginia privates who were 'spread eagled' because they refused to work on Sunday, are still in the regimental guard house under a heavy guard. The men are manacled and they will do police duty until they promise to obey orders. Lieut. Colonel Moore is in command of the regiment in Colonel Casteel,s absence and he admits having given orders to 'spread eagle' Mace, Mose and Plank. He says they are old offenders and if they do not obey their superiors he will repeat the punishment. Mose was 'bucked and gagged' recently for cursing an officer. Col. Moore says it is necessary to resort to corporal punishment among the rough element in the regiment to maintain discipline. Some of the men in this command were recruited in the West Virginia mountains and the officers claim they are coustantly causing trouble.

Charges of conduct unbecoming a soldier will probably be preferred against the men and they will be court martialed.

Private Townsley, of the corps reserve ambulance company, has been placed in the guard house for court martial for neglecting Private Essigs, of the First Rhode Island, who died yesterday in the Second division hospital of typhoid fever. Townsley was nursing Essigs and on Saturday went to sleep. The patient became delirious and wandered around the hospital yard until Townsley awoke and put him in his cot.

Gen. Graham has directed commanders of regiments, except those of Penn'a regiments which goes intact to the Philadelphia Peace Jubilee, to select twenty men from each company to form the battalions from each command to take part in the festivities. Officers will be selected from each company to command the subdivisions of these battalions, in addition to the regimental commanders and their staffs. Gen. Graham will hold a series of reviews before the troops start south to bring the troops up to a higher state of efficiency.

Chief Surgeon Girard is disinfecting the cots and tents at the division hospitals and preparing to ship them south. He will abolish the division hospitals and establish regimental hospitals for the treatment of all cases except typhoid fever. The division hospitals will be used as general hospitals for the command. The colonel has arranged with the Philadelphia hospitals to take care of all the patients in the division hospitals. When the troops are located in the south he will employ female nurses to take charge of the wards.

There is an epidemic of nostalgia in camp. The men are more anxious to get home since they were paid and are taking 'French leave' by the score Only 42 out of 106 in the guard detail of the First Maryland reported this morning for duty. Seventeen men are absent without leave from one company in this regiment The First Rhode Island was paid yesterday and nearly half the boys left camp during the night for home

—All republicans should remember in casting their vote this fall, that this election is of the greatest importance to the republican party and the administration of President Mc Kinley. Democrats, Populists and Independents are exerting every effort by lies and vilification to mislead the voters as to their patriotic duty, "a campaign of education" the Independents call it, a campaign of groundless, infernal malice and deceit would be a more truthful cognomen.

It is no new trick for the real thief to join in pursuit of an innocent party and be the loudest to cry "stop thief," in order to direct attention from himself. Ever since Judas Iscariot, betrayed his Lord and Master, have these self righteous reformers been conducting a campaign of education and by their assumption of being holier than other men, many have been deceived and led into strange and devious ways, to their lasting disgrace and discomfiture. Be not deceived by these self styled holy men for he who is deceived thereby is not wise.

In Memoriam.

Mrs. Catherine E. Sellers widow of Agnew Sellers late of Fillmore this County, died at the residence of her daughter Mrs. Dr. McEntire at Howard, Friday Oct. 7th at 2 p. m., aged 81 years, 10 month and 10 days.

The subject of this notice, whose maiden name was Catherine Essington Kephart had been a sufferer of rheumatism for a number of years, but bore it all with remarkable patience and fortitude. Her family have been identified with this state from an early day. Her grandfather General Philip Benner having located in Spring township in the year 1790 where he died in 1833. He was a native of Chester Co. When quite young he took up arms against the British under General Wayne, who was a relative, after the war he became a successful Iron manufacturer purchasing the property in this county known as "Rock Forge," to which he subsequently added a Furnace and Rolling Mill. For many years he enjoyed without competition the trade in what he called "Juniata Iron. He held the rank of Major General of Militia and was twice a Presidential Elector. Of the Kephart family, descendants on the maternal side, only two survive, Caleb d. of Fillmore and Mrs. Martha Dickerson of Fairbault Minn The following children of the deceased survive Caleb Matlock Sellers, who resides near Fillmore, Mrs. Geo. W. Musser, Warriors Mark, Huntingdon, Co., Mrs. Benner W. Way, Buffalo Run, and Mrs. Dr. O. W. McEntire of Howard.

The many excellent traits of character of this well known lady had gained for her the love and high regard of all whom she came in contact and her memory will ever be cherished by those who had the pleasure of her friendship and for her countless acts of benevolence and kindness.

After services conducted at the residence by Rev. Wharton of the M. E. Church the remains were taken on the noon train Saturday to the old Homestead, near Fillmore from which the funeral took place Sunday 2 p. m., Interment in Meyers Cemetery. A large concourse of people followed the remains to witness the last sad rites when the body was consigned to the tomb to await its resurrection on the last day.

The family extend thanks to those who so kindly tendered their services in their hour of bereavement.

O. W. M.

A Handsome Cane.

An interesting contest for a gold headed cane between Mr, Emanuel Noll, baggage agent at the Pennsylvania railroad station at this, place and Mr. John Longwell, one of Milesburg's business men, was closed on last Saturday evening at a festival given by the ladies of the Milesburg Presbyterian church. The amount returned by the contestants was $118.00, the cane being awarded to Mr. Noll, he having returned the largest amount of money. The contest was gotten up for the benefit of the church and was a great success. The cane may be seen in the window of Galbrath's jewelry store and is a very fine one. The whole amount raised by the cane contest and festival amounts to something over $150.00 and will greatly aid the church.

—The democrates all over the state are lining up for Jenks and leaving Swallow to get only republican votes. If the Swallow republicans are possessed with half as much sense as the Swallow democrats have, they too will leave Swallow and unanimously line up for Stone. If they are inclined to fight Quay the next legislature is the place and when it meets is the time to do it. In voting for Swallow they are voting against their own party.

OUR DUTY AS REPUBLICANS.

The pending Congressional election in this district must result either in the vindication of the President and his associates or their virtual condemnation. Every vote for J. K. P. Hall for the House of Representatives means the encouragement of enemies of the Administration, and opponents of the wise and patriotic national policy, the carrying out of which is absolutely necessary to maintain the national honor and to reap the full fruitage of the recent war in behalf of humanity. The loss of Republican control of the House at this time would be an unspeakable national calamity. Under such circumstances it behooves every patriotic citizen to remember his duty to his country and not to be led astray by the wiles of Democratic leaders. In Pennsylvania especially the lines should be closed up for an assured triumph of true national principles. We should contribute nothing to a Democratic year in Pennsylvania.

Is there any true Republican that could wish it otherwise? We have a congressman to elect in this 28th congressional district, W. C. Arnold, of DuBois, a true Republican, a strong supporter of, the administration of President McKinley. It is the clear and patriotic duty of every Republican to give him a cordial and hearty support. For two terms in succession he has been elected to congress from this district and he has been renominated for a third term by a large majority An effort was made in this county to defeat him, in which effort we joined with hearty accord, giving our support to Clement Dale, Esq., but Mr. Dale was beaten in that preliminary contest more than three to one, and in his own home town carried only one ward, the West, in which we live and carried it through the earnest personal efforts of the men who had been selected as candidates for Dale delegates to the county convention. Mr. Dale was assisted in his effort to secure the endorsement of his county by all the Republicans who were opposed to Arnold.

This was the decisive battle, as Arnold had two counties and this victory gave a third and made his nomination certain. He has won his fight fair, square and honest, and although we opposed him for the nomination, we say, in all honor and fairness he is entitled to the support of all true Republicans. He is a good Republican, a warm supporter of the Administration, a friend of the old soldier and the new, will sustain the President in his efforts to reap the fruits of the war and make a settlement that shall redound to our everlasting honor and bring to this country a harvest of prosperity, such as we have never before enjoyed or even dreamed of. He is a protectionist, in fact he is a Republican, and every voter should hesitate and consider well the possible result of the defeat of one Republican for congress.

It does not do to act upon the supposition that the other districts in the country will go all right and therefore McKinley will have a Republican congress to back him up. We have nothing to do with any district but our own; it is our duty to perform well our part and then if disaster comes and hard times again return we will not have ourselves to blame. Let, therefore, every Republican and every patriotic citizen act as though his vote was the vote that was to decide the result, and then, and only then, will he have performed his whole duty. We urge all to this patriotic action, because there are some disappointed office seekers in this town and county who, because they did not get what they wanted, have sworn vengeance against Mr. Arnold, and for no other reason are urging voters to cut him. The surest sign that they were not worthy of the support of the congressman is this spiteful effort on their part to defeat the party on account of the fact that they were left, where few could be chosen.

Condems their own Assertions.

The Democratic Campaign Book issued by the democratic congressional committee tells democratic speakers that the Chicago national platform and Bryan must be defended and says the speaker who truly represents democracy will simply tell the truth if he says that the republican party is the party of the predatory rich arrayed against the producing classes. Socialism nationalized and yet our little democrat orators and newspapers would try to make the people believe that nothing is involved in this falls election but state issues. Their own campaign literature proves their assertions false.

OLD GLORY WAVES!

Porto Rico is Now Under the Stars and Stripes.

THE CEREMONY WAS VERY QUIET

There Was no Disorder of Any Kind and the Matter Passed Into History in a Deservedly Dignified Manner. Etc.

WORK OF EVACUATION IS OVER

San Juan de Porto Rico, Oct., 19, —Promptly at noon yesterday the American flag was raised over San Juan. The ceremony was quiet and dignified, unmarred by disorder of any kind.

The Eleventh infantry, with two batteries of the Fifth artillery, landed yesterday morning. The latter proceeded to the forts, while the infantry lined up on the deck. It was a holiday for San Juan and there were many people in the streets.

Rear Admiral Schley and General Gordon, accompanied by their staffs, proceeded to the palace in carriages. The Eleventh infantry and band with troop H, of the Sixth United States cavalry, then marched through the streets and formed in the square opposite the palace. At 11:40 a. m. General Brooke, Admiral Schley and General Gordon, the United States evacuation commissioners, came out of the palace with many naval officers and formed on the right side of the square. The streets behind the soldiers were thronged with townspeople who stood waiting in dead silence. At last the city clock struck 12, and the crowds, almost breathless and with eyes fixed upon the flag pole, watched for developments. At the sound of the first gun from Fort Morro, Major Dean and Lieutenant Castle, of General Brooke's staff, hoisted the Stars and Stripes while the band played the "Star Spangled Banner."

All heads were bared and the crowd cheered. Fort Morro, Fort San Cristobal and the United States revenue cutter Manning, lying in the harbor fired twenty one guns each.

Senor Munoz Rivera, who was president of the recent autonomist council of secretaries and other officials of the late insular government were present at the proceedings.

Congratulations and handshaking among the American officers followed. Ensign King hoisted the Stars and Stripes on the Intendencia, but all other flags on the various public buildings were hoisted by military officers. Simultanous with the raising of the flag over the captain general's palace, many others were hoisted in different parts of the city.

The work of the United States evacuation commission is now over and the reports will be forwarded to Washington. The labors of the party have terminated with honors for all concerned. The American commissioners worked without delay and in the most effective manner.

—What would happen to American girls if the English laws of 1670 were in force here, provided, of course, that the witchcraft laws were also in force? In that year parliament enacted: "That all women, of whatever age, rank, profession or degree, whether virgins, maids or widows, that shall, from and after the passing of this act, impose upon and betray into matrimony any of her majesty's subjects by scents, paints, cosmetics, washes, artificial teeth, false hair, Spanish wool, iron stays, hoops, high heeled shoes, or bolstered hips, shall incur the penalty of the laws now in force against witchcraft, sorcery and such like demeanors, and that the marriage upon conviction shall stand null and void.

FOR SALE BY LEADING DEALERS.

REGARDING THE FIFTH

Regiment May Not Appear in the Peace Jubilee.

THOSE MUSTERING OUT ORDERS

They May Come too Soon for the Boys to March in the Streets of Philadelphia —An Invitation has Been Received.

SOME NEWS NOTES OF INTEREST

Colonel Theo. Burchfield, of the Fifth regiment, has received an invitation to have the Fifth participate in Philadelphia's great Peace Jubilee October 27. The invitation comes from Mr. Henry Clay, chairman of the military and naval committee

Chairman Clay in the invitation offers to provide full transportation for 600 men including the band. The regimental staff, of course, is included in the invitation. The idea of the committee is to have each company represented by fifty men, since it would cost a very large sum to transport the regiment in its entirety As it is, should the regiment attend the jubilee it would cost something like $4,000 for transportation, maintenance, etc.

Whether or not the regiment will go is another question. According to the latest instructions from Maj. Thompson, the mustering officer, the regiment will be mustered out about October 28. If this is the case the regiment cannot accept the invitation. If, as seems probable, however, the date of the muster is postponed, the regiment may participate in the jubilee, after securing permission from Secretary of war Alger.

The boys of the Fifth will be on the anxious bench until next week, when it will be known whether they are to go to the jubilee or not.

The regimental headquarter present a busy appearance these days. Colonel Burchfield, Major Stayer, Adjutant Fair and a corps of clerks are engaged most of the day preparing the muster rolls and official documents, to be in readiness for the mustering out.

Major A. S. Stayer, who has been in ill health for several weeks, leaves today for Bedford Springs, where he expects to recuperate.

Quartermaster Bothurst of Huntingdon, was in Altoona Friday on official business.

Sore Throat

Sore throat and constant coughing indicate an affection of the bronchial tubes which may develop into pleurisy or inflammation of the lungs. Do not wait; but use Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup at once and be cured.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures Hoarseness and Sore Throat.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Publicity Demanded.

From the Baltimore American.

If the government hopes to impress the public with the sincerity of the investigation now in progress of Alger's management of the war department, the utmast publicity should be given to the proceedings. It will not do to say that the room is too small for the admission of correspondents and the public. If the government is able to pay the expense of the inquiry, it is able to hire quarters sufficiently large to accommodate those who seek to give the news to the public.

Sudden Deaths on the Increase.

People apparently well and happy today, to-morrow are stricken down, and in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred the heart is the cause. The king of heart remedies—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the heart—is within the reach of all, and if there are symptoms of heart disorder it should be used without delay. It relieves in 30 minutes, and cures most chronic cases.—31

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine

—The work of repair on several streets will not long be delayed,

MINE DISASTER!

Five Men Were Killed and Eleven Injured.

THERE WAS A FATAL EXPLOSION OF GAS

Employes were at Work Driving Holes from a Gangway When the Latter Caught Fire—Water Was Turned on it.

THEN THE TRAGEDY OCCURRED

TAMAQUA, Pa., October 14.—Five men were killed and eleven injured by an explosion of gas yesterday afternoon in colliery No. 8 at Coaldale, near here.

The dead are: Fire Boss Thomas Smith, William R. Reese, Mattis O'Larkey, of Coaldale, and William Cook and John Konicka, of Lansford. Konicka died after he had been taken from the mine but the others met instant death. All were married and leave large families.

The most seriously injured are William Lawton, Lansford, badly burned; James Rodgers, Coaldale, leg broken; James Walter, Coaldale, burned about the head, James Powell, Summit Hill, shoulder broken; Evan Evans, Coaldale, seriously burned about face and body; Daniel Dorrian, Lansford, leg broken; Reese Price, Coaldale, badly burned; Patrick O'Donnell, Summit Hill, burned about body; John Gallagher, Lansford, nervous shock.

The colliery is the largest producer of four in that valley owned by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company. It has a capacity of over 300,000 tons of coal and employs 500 hands.

In consequence of fire which originated in the left section of the mine some months ago, shifts of men were put to work driving holes from the gangway, through which water was to be forced upon the flames. While the gang of men was building a dam to back up the water yesterday afternoon, the gangway caught fire. Nearly 100,000 gallons of water were turned into the holes and almost instantly a terrific explosion occurred, followed in quick succession by four lighter explosions of such force that the gangway was torn up for over three hundred feet and the workmen were blown about in all directions. Rescue gangs were put to work and an hour later it was thought that all the dead and injured had been found, although the search was under way to-night when the fire was still burning. The supposition is that the great body of water sent into the holes forced volumes of escaping gas from some of the old workings back upon the flames, causing the explosion.

Scatter Lime.

Every householder should scatter quantities of lime around his premises, and the city fathers should see that a disinfectant of some character is thrown in disease breeding spots in the city. Decaying vegetable matter at this season of the year is a great breeder of ailments that frequently continue several weeks. The public health demands that the possibility of ill health from this source be guarded against.

The Secret of Bad Roads.

Roads are bad because: they are not properly graded and shaped; adequate drainage is not provided; repairs are too long delayed; unsuitable material is used in making them; too much material is put in at one time; the work is done at the wrong season; too much is spent in material; too little is spent for labor; the work is done by incompetent hands; constant supervision is not enforced.—Good Roads.

General Wheeler's Testimony.

On the whole, we have had the first light on the situation from a man who knows about it. We are glad for our country's sake and for the honor of the army that it has had so gallant a defender against the malicious attacks of yellow journals who are trying to injure the nation for the benefit of the democratic party.

—The Pennsylvania State College athletic association met on Wednesday night and elected E. S. Williams, '99, as manager of the base ball team for next year. The newly chosen manager of general athletics is W. L. Affeldt, '99.

—Charles Garner, jr., the first colored boy to graduate from the Bellefonte High school, is now senior partner in a steam laundry firm in Tyrone.

GETTING READY

Every expectant mother has a trying ordeal to face. If she does not

get ready for it, there is no telling what may happen. Child-birth is full of uncertainties if Nature is not given proper assistance.

Mother's Friend

is the best help you can use at this time. It is a liniment, and when regularly applied several months before baby comes, it makes the advent easy and nearly painless. It relieves and prevents "morning sickness," relaxes the overstrained muscles, relieves the distended feeling, shortens labor, makes recovery rapid and certain without any dangerous after-effects.

Mother's Friend is good for only one purpose, viz.: to relieve motherhood of danger and pain.

One dollar per bottle at all drug stores, or sent by express on receipt of price.

FREE BOOKS, containing valuable information for women, will be sent to any address upon application to

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

—The Democratic scheme to get up a division among the Republicans by hiring a democrat to traverse the county with a petition for republicans to sign, didn't pan out worth a cent, and now they are crying over the loss of their investments, which shows that there are more than one "unique idot" leader in the democratic party in this county. It is none of their business who the republican legislatures vote for U. S. Senator but we can assure the democrats in advance that it will not be a democrat, while, if the democrat candidate in this county should be elected they don't know whether they will vote for a democrat or a pension U. S. Senator. Shinney on your own side.

—Since the Philadelphia TIMES set down so hard upon brother Kurtz of the Democrat, he has been doing some excruciating squirming. Some how or another he slipped out between McClure's legs and saved himself from considerable damage and at once commenced making faces at Messrs Daley and Townsend, the republican nominees for the legislature. Now it makes no difference who they vote for, for U. S. senate, it will be a republican anyhow, and that is the kind of a person the editor of the DEMOCRAT and his friends do not want them to vote for. The DEMOCRAT would not be so much interested in the matter if he did not know that Daley and Townsend's election is a certainty.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Railroad Men Join a Strike.

Paris, Oct. 14.—In consequence of the committee of the Railroad Men's union deciding yesterday in favor of a general strike and sending instructions to the provincial branches to cease work, with a reminded of the secret measures agreed upon at the railroad men's congress for the hindrance of traffic in the event of a strike, the police this afternoon raided the offices of the committee and seized all the papers found there.

—The State convention of the County Commissioners of Pennsylvania met in the court house at Clearfield, Pa., on Wednesday, Oct. 19th. An interesting program was arranged.

TALKING TO THE VOTERS

The Present Are the Candidates' Busy Days.

THREE PARTIES HARD AT WORK

Colonel Wm. A. Stone in Lancaster. Hon. George A. Jenks at West Chester, and Dr. S. C. Swallow in Franklin County.

OTHERS ALSO MADE SPEECHES

LANCASTER, Pa., October 14.—Colonel William A. Stone, Republican candidate for governor, addressed the first mass meeting of the campaign in this city last night. In the afternoon he spoke to an audience at Walker's grove in the southern section of the county. The crowds at both places were large, but there was distinct disappointment at the absence of Senator Boise Penrose, who had been extensively billed as a star attraction and who was expected to maintain his assaults on ex-Postmaster General Wanamaker, but for whose non-appearance no explanation was given.

At the country meeting in the afternoon the speakers were Col. Stone, Gen. Adam King, of Baltimore; Hon. W. H. Fairless, of Virginia, and some local orators. In the evening Col. Stone, Gen. King and Frank B. McClain, candidate for assembly, spoke.

The first two named discussed national issues almost exclusively, though Colonel Stone said the attacks of Mr. Wanamaker and others were inspired by a desire to reform the Republican party by securing revenge against individuals, and the charges against Mr. Quay had been disproved. Gen. King spoke on national affairs, and warmly defended Senator Quay from aspersions which he declared entirely unwarranted.

Col. Stone and party left Philadelphia yesterday morning and on the way up were tendered rousing receptions by the natives. At Kennett Square, where a reunion of the famous Bucktail regiment was in session, the veterans turned out in a body in honor of the candidate, who shook hands with as many of the old soldiers as he could reach. At Oxford he made a brief speech.

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., October 14.—Dr. Silas S. Swallow addressed large meetings yesterday at Shippensburg, Greencastle and Chambersburg. He spoke at Shippensburg at 10 o'clock yesterday morning to 300 farmers and residents of that town, repeating his charges against the state officials and declaring that the greatest danger that threatens the state and nation arises from the law breakers among the law makers.

At Greencastle the candidate was given a rousing reception, being met at the train by a delegation of prominent citizens headed by a band. He was escorted to the town hall, where 500 voters were gathered, some of them having driven fifteen miles to see and hear Dr. Swallow.

The meeting in Chambersburg last evening was large and enthusiastic. The Rosedale opera house was crowded and hundreds of people were turned away. Dr. Swallow and Volney B. Cushing spoke on the issues raised by their party in the state campaign. Mr. Cushing declared that Dr. Swallow was the only logical anti-Quay candidate because he could be elected if the good citizens of all parties give him their support. To-day the party will visit Lewisburg, Danville and Sunbury.

WEST CHESTER, Pa., October 14.—Hon. George A. Jenks, Wm. H. Sowden and Patrick Delancey addressed a large Democratic meeting here last evening in the Assembly building, on the issues of the state campaign. Lewis C. Moses presided. Mr. Jenks was the first speaker and he devoted his line of argument to what constituted good citizenship and the duties of the voter in guarding the interests of the state by electing honest men to administer its affairs.

He referred to the alleged corruption of the last state legislature, and gave the remedy for righting the wrongs done by that body and how to act that such a wrong may not be repeated.

In the afternoon the same speakers addressed a remarkably large meeting at Oxford, this county.

Omens of Prosperity.

Thursday afternoon at about half past one o'clock, says the Johnsonburg Breeze, two well defined American flags were seen in the sky which overspreads our town, remaining visible during the entire afternoon, and were seen by hundreds if not thousands of people from different parts of the town. Many and varied were the comments by different parties who witnessed the strange phenomenon. We give it up, but are inclined to believe it a harbinger of future prosperity for our enterprising people.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Death's Betrothal.

A few years ago a New York newspaper conducted an open discussion upon the topic: "Is Marriage a Failure?" The answer is easy and upon the surface. Where there is mutual love and respect, if there is also health, marriage is a success. When health is left out, even the most ardent love does not count, and marriage is invariably a failure.

Modern science has cried the warning so often that all should realize the dangers of wedlock to people in ill-health. In a case of this kind death lurks on every side—in the kiss of betrothal and the caress of the honeymoon. The man who is suffering from ill-health is a physical bankrupt, and has no right to condemn a woman to be his nurse for life and the mother of babes that inherit his physical weakness. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery acts directly on the digestive organism. It makes it strong and its action perfect. When a man's digestion is all right his blood will be pure; when his blood is pure his nervous system will be strong and his health vigorous.

A woman who suffers from weakness and disease of the delicate organism of her sex is certain to suffer from general ill-health, and to be an unhappy, helpless invalid and a disappointment as a wife. Her children will be weak, puny and peevish. A happy home is an impossibility for her until her health is restored. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures all troubles of the distinctly feminine organism. It cures them speedily, completely and permanently. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. Both medicines are sold by all good dealers.

Nothing to Crow About.

The democratic organs are crowing just as much over the success of their ticket in Georgia last week as if the state were in the habit of going Republican. There would be as much justification for Democrats to crow over the success of the Democratic ticket at an election in Texas. The increase in the Democratic vote in Georgia is due to large absorption of the Populist vote by the Democracy. The Populists of Georgia came from the Democratic party, and they have to return to it to the degree represented at the recent election, not because they have abandoned their populistic ideas, but because Democracy has become there as it has to such a marked degree elsewhese, only another name for Populism. It was not even thus. The Southern Democracy used to despise Populism even more than it did Pepublicanism. It has weakened. In everything but name it surrendered to the Populist in the last Democratic national convention. The Populistic theories to which it then formally committed itself have since been reaffirmed in many of its state platforms. This leaven has been working in Georgia as elsewhere and the result of last week's election bears witness to that fact. It is not a victory for the Democrats—it was a victory for the Populists in everything but name.

Coughing

Constant coughing is very annoying, and the continuous hacking and irritation will soon attack and injure the delicate lining of the throat and air passages. Take advice and use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in time. This wonderful remedy will cure you.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Lectures on Cooking.

Mrs. Grace E. Dutton, of Pasadena, California, daughter of Col. Dunham of this place and who at one time attended school at the stone school house in this city, and who is instructor in the department of Domestic Science in Throop Polytee Institute, one of the largest institutions of learning in that state, has been engaged by the Young Women's Christian Association of Los Angles to deliver ten demonstration lectures on cooking before the Association during the month.

Pill Sense.

It stands to reason that Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills will crowd out of the market many of the nauseous old timers. A better medicine at less than half the price is all the argument needed to keep the demand what it has been—phenomenal—40 doses 10 cents. They cure sick headache, biliousness, and allay all stomach irritations. At all druggists.—34

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

—George Cox, of Half Moon hill, has on exhibition in the windows of the Eureka Grocery on High street, two mammoth sweet pumpkins. They were grown in his garden and weigh 74½ and 54lbs, respectively.

PUMPKIN CONTEST ENDED.

T. M. Quick, of Milesburg, First and J. M. Dietrick Zion, Second.

A most interesting contest open to farmers of Centre Co. closed Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. It was the contest to see who could raise the largest pumpkin and for which Montgomery & Co. the progressive clothiers, offered a prize of a $10 overcoat or suit of clothes to the one raising the largest. A second prize of $5.00 in merchandise was offered to the farmer bringing the second largest.

The contest was inaugerated last June and entries closed on the 25th of July the contest closing Oct. 15th at 10 o'clock.

Quite a crowd collected at Montgomery's store Saturday to see the pumpkins and learn the judges' decision. The judges were Wm. G. Runkle, George Sunday and Wm. G. Royer.

The pumpkins were taken to Shaffer's store and weighed. Thomas M. Quick, of Milesburg won first prize, weight of pumpkin 70 lbs. James T. Dietrick, of Zion, won second prize, weight of pumpkin 32 lbs. Jonas From, of Hecla Park, was a close third, his pumpkin weighing 27½ lbs.

Held to Answer.

CANTON, O., October 13.—Mrs. George was held to answer to common pleas court at the conclusion of the preliminary hearing yesterday, and her case will be investigated by the next grand jury. The presiding justice of the peace, in passing on the case, said there was sufficient circumstantial evidence connecting Mrs. George with the crime to justify holding her for the investigation of the higher courts. She is held on the charge of murder in the first degree and cannot be admitted to bail.

In the preliminary hearing of Mrs. George the state finished yesterday morning with several witnesses corroborating the testimony given Wednesday.

The defense decided to offer testimony and called for their first witness, Mrs. Eva B. Althouse, who has been frequently mentioned in the case and in front of whose house the tragedy occurred. She was called upon to explain the relations between herself and Saxton and as to whether Mrs. George did not have reason to be jealous of their relations. Much of the time was occupied in a legal squabble over the scope this inquiry should be allowed to take.

The '98 Hay Crop.

"With a full acreage and unusually favorable climatic conditions, the hay crop of 1898 could not be other than a very large one" says the American Agriculturist. "There is apparent a total crop of 68,000,000 tons from an area of 44,000,000 acres, an average yield of 1,55 tons. This may be compared with our '97 estimate of 67,150,000 tons, and the smaller government figures of 61,000,000. The present crop is thus only a little greater in tonnage than last year, but there is a vast difference in the average quality. Much of the '97 crop was badly field damaged; this year farmers were generally favored with good weather for hay, not only for the growth and development of the grass, but also at harvest time. As a result there is an unusually large amount of good hay in stack and mow, and liberal quantities are being baled for present and later markets."

—There is a new organization just being started called the "Little Lights." Miss Anna Lyons is much interested in the work and is obtaining names of little children, from one year up to six. This has been spoken of as the missing link necessary to bind together the "Temperance Chain." A fee of 10 cents, or more, is paid by the parents, and pretty cards and bright literature on the temperance csuse is sent in the child's name from time to time.

In Europe Speer's Port Grape Wine

Is ordered by families in Dresden, London and Paris for its superior medicinal virtues, and its blood-making qualitiy. It is made from a rare grape vines procured from Portugal.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. 899-16t

—Steele Crissman, one of Philipsburg's leading business men and a prominent Republican politician is ill with pneumonia.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Word of Warning

The trouble with thousands of women is not "female weakness," although many physicians suppose it is. The real trouble lies in the Kidneys, Liver and Bladder. Doctors often fail to effect a cure, simply because they don't give the right remedy. Women as well as men can ascertain for themselves if their Kidneys are diseased. Simply fill a bottle or glass tumbler with urine and let it stand a day and a night. If there is a sediment at the bottom, something is wrong with the Kidneys. If there is a desire to urinate often—if there is a pain in the small of the back—if the urine stains linen—look out! The Kidneys are diseased.

Ladies can take ***Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy*** with perfect assurance of relief. It will cure them of Kidney, Liver and Bladder disorders just as certainly as it cures men.

Mrs. G. W. DAVENPORT, of West Troy, N. Y., says: "I was troubled with my Kidneys, and suffered intense pain in my back and loins. The wife of Dr. Robinson, pastor of the First Avenue Methodist Church, recommended ***Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.*** I got some, and have used it ever since, with the result that I am greatly benefited. All pains have left me, and I am like another person."

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is a perfect blood and nerve medicine. It restores the liver to a healthy condition and cures the worst cases of constipation. It is a certain cure for all diseases peculiar to females.

Sample Bottle Free

Favorite Remedy is such a certain cure that the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., will forward, prepaid, a free sample bottle to every sufferer who sends his or her full postoffice address and mentions this paper. The fact that our liberal offer appears in this paper is a guarantee of its genuineness.

All druggists sell *Favorite Remedy* at $1.00 a bottle.

HUMPHREYS' ANIMAL SPECIFICS.

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES } SPRAINS, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES } EPIZOOTIC, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Diarrhea.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } MANGE, Skin Diseases.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat.

50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

VITAL WEAKNESS

and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5 Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

You Risk Nothing

by giving our brush a trial. If you do not find it to be as represented after six months' use, bring it back and we will refund the money.

What can be fairer?

Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Brush

IS WARRANTED TO CURE

Nervous Headache in 5 minutes! Bilious Headache in 5 minutes! Neuralgia in 5 minutes! Dandruff and diseases of the scalp! Prevents falling hair and baldness! Makes the hair grow long and glossy!

Prices { No. 1 Hair Brush, $1. No. 3 Hair Brush, $1.50 / No. 2 Hair Brush, $2. No. 4 Hair Brush, $2.50 / No. 5 Hair Brush, $3.

Quality the same in all; the price differs only according to size and power.

For Sale at Druggists and Dry Goods Stores.

Ask for Dr Scott's; take no other; or we will send on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage, and if you are not well satisfied with your bargain, write us and we will return the money.

"The Doctor's Story," a valuable book giving information concerning all our goods, sent on request.

Agents Wanted. Quick sales. Liberal pay. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GEO. A. SCOTT, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

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Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. State aid to students. Send for catalog.

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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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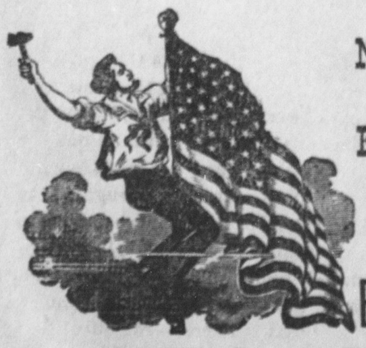

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THE N. Y. WEEKLY TRIBUNE has an Agricultural Department of the highest merit, all important news of the Nation and World, comprehensive and reliable market reports, able editorials, interesting short stories, scientific and mechanical information, illustrated fashion articles, humorous pictures, and is instructive and entertaining to every member of every family.

THE REPUBLICAN gives you all the local news, political and social, keeps you in close touch with your neighbors and friends, on the farm and in the village, informs you as to local prices for farm products, the condition of crops and prospects for the year, and is a bright, newsy, welcome and indispensable weekly visitor at your home and fireside.

Send all subscriptions to THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa.

MOST TERRIFIC BATTLE!

Seven People Dead and Eighteen More are Injured.

IN A RIOT AT VIRDIN, ILLINOIS

The Imported Laborers Were On Board a Special Train and Were Being Taken to the Stockade at the Mines.

THE FIGHT WAS VERY WARM

VIRDIN, Ill., October 13.—The trouble between the union miners and the imported negroes culminated yesterday afternoon in a terrific battle. As the Chicago and Alton special bearing 200 negro miners from the south arrived at the stockade around the Chicago, Virdin Coal company's mines shots were fired, Then followed hours of riot and bloodshed. At 10 o'clock last night when the town was comparatively quiet the list was seven dead and eight wounded.

For the past two weeks rumors have reached Virdin daily that a train having negroes from Alabama would reach the city, and the Chicago and Alton depot has been surrounded day and night by vigilant strikers determinedly awaiting their arrival. Yesterday the Chicago and Alton limited, due to pass here at 10 o'clock, shot through en route to Chicago an hour late, displaying flags on the rear, indicating that a special train was following. Immediately the word was spread and a dense crowd of miners lined the station platform, while another crowd collected at the entrance of the stockade, a half mile north of the station. D. B. Kiley, a Chicago and Alton detective, stood at a switch at the south end of the station platform to see that it was not tampered with.

At 12:40 the special train passed the station and signal shots were fired from the southern station announcing the arrival of the train.

Many shots were fired from the train and outside and the battle was on. A few minutes after the train had passed the switch where Kiley was stationed and while he was talking with two citizens he threw up his arms and dropped dead with a bullet through his brain. He was the first man killed. The train continued to the stockade, the miners firing into it all along the route and the negro passengers returning the fire. The moment the train reached the stockade the miners opened a desperate fire with Winchesters. The negroes on the train answered with steady fire. The miners and the train were enveloped in a cloud of smoke and the shooting sounded like a continuous volley.

Engineer Burt Tigar received a bullet in the arm and dropped from his seat. His fireman seized the throttle, pulled it open with a jerk and the train was under speed carrying a load of wounded negro passengers to Springfield. How many were wounded is not known. The train stopped at the stockade but two minutes. Its departure did not cause the firing to cease. The tower of the stockade was filled with sharpshooters armed with Winchesters and they kept up a steady fire into the crowd of miners.

Eye witnesses say the dead miners were killed after the train had departed. It is not known how many men are stationed behind the walls of the stockade, but an estimate is placed at between twenty-five and forty. It is claimed that six within the stockade were wounded, but those inside refused to hold any communication with the outside and nothing authentic can be learned. Word, however, was sent from the stockade to physicians in town that their services were needed.

The supply and provision store of the Chicago-Virgin company is known as the Climax Trading company with Superintendent J. F. Eyster in charge. After the firing at the stockade had subsided an attack was made on Eyster. He was taking doctors to the mines and was entering his store when the cry was raised that Manager Fred Lukens, of the mines, was with him. A throng of infuriated miners pressed toward the store. Eyster sprang upstairs and he and the miners began shooting simultaneously: He ran to the top of his building and jumped behind a chimney, while the miners ran into the street and opened a fire on him again. Chips flew from the brick chimney and Eyster ran across to another roof, firing as he ran. Blood was flowing from a wound in his side. Jumping from roof to roof, he finally halted and emptied both his six-chambered revolvers. The springing from cover he dashed ahead amid the rain of bullets to the roof of the Teed building. He either fell or jumped through the skylight and landed in the arms of a crowd of miners in a hall on the upper floor. They carried him to the street, where he was dragged into the middle of the road. Local policemen drove back the crowd and carried Eyster to the city square across the street and laid him on the grass. *He* was motionless and supposedly dead. The police left him there and attempted to disperse the crowd. In a few minutes Eyster was seen to raise his hand and wipe the blood from his face. Two men sprang at him and with the ferocity of tigers began jumping on his body and striking him on the head with stones. With a yell the angry crowd rushed into the square to kill Eyster. The police charged in a body and fought their way to the centre of the mob, where they took a stand over the prostrate man. A carrier was procured and Eyster was taken to the Buckles hotel. He had been shot through the groin and is terribly battered about the head. *He* barely has a chance for recovery. The dead miners were removed from the vicinity of the stockade to hotels and stables and the wounded were taken on litters to the station and sent to Springfield last night.

Danger Ahead.

History has a habit of sometimes repeating itself, and if the election in Pennsylvania of November 8 should result as the elections of 1882 and 1890, in the election of a Democratic governor, what interesting reading there will be in the next morning's papers in Pennsylvania and throughout the country at large—especially in the Democratic press. Flaring headlines, something on this order:

"PENNSYLVANIA SWUNG FROM HER MOORINGS."

"JENKS ELECTED GOVERNOR."

"BRYAN'S CANDIDATE SWEEPS THE STATE"

"THE KEYSTONE STATE ENDORSES FREE SILVER"

"PENNSYLVANIA CONTRIBUTES HER QUOTA TOWARDS A DEMOCRATIC HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES"

"OUR CANDIDATES IN 1900"

"For President—William J. Bryan, of Neb.

"For Vice-President—Geo. A. Jenks, of Pa.

"OUR PLATFORM"

"Free Silver and Free Trade."

The Republicans of Pennsylvania should gird themselves for the fight, and from now until election day put forth such efforts as will keep Pennsylvania where she belongs, at the head of the Republican column. Keep her as she has been as the loyal supporter of the principals of Republicanism, and of the administration of President *Mc*Kinley. We have no fears for the result, We do not think the Republican voters of Pennsylvania are willing to give even the semblance of a victory to Bryanism and free silver by the defeat of Col. Stone and the regular Republican ticket.

What Scrofula is.

Scrofula is a disease as old as antiquity. It has been handed down for generations and is the same today as in early times. It is emphatically a disease of the blood, and the only way to cure it is by purifying the blood. That is just what Hood's Sarsaparilla does in every case where it is given a faithful trial. It eradicates all impurities from the blood and cures the sores, boils, pimples and all forms of skin disease due to scrofula taints in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla has won the grateful praise of vast numbers of people by its grand and complete cures. Don't allow scrofula to develope in your blood. Cure it at once by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Death at Hublersburg.

Mrs *Mary*, wife of John Decker, died Thursday night at 12 o'clock at her home in Hublersburg, in the 66th year of her age. She is survived by her husband and five sons and three daughters, as follows: Charles and Mrs. Harvey Kessinger, of Pittsburg; William, of Irvona, Christian and Mrs. George Rockey, of Bellefonte; Herbert and *Mrs.* Irvin Yarnell, of Hublersburg, and Edward of Lock Haven. Funeral Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Services at the house. Interment at Hublersburg cemetery.

Running Sores.

The outcome of neglect, or bad blood, have a never-failing balm in Dr. Agnew's Ointment. Will heal the most stubborn cases. Soothes irritation almost instantly after first application. It relieves all Itching and Burning Skin Diseases in a day. It cures piles in 3 to 5 nights. 35 cents.—53 Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

—Lock Haven has secured the large silk mill that was looking for a location in this section of the state. The town has raised $30,000 and will furnish a building site and exempt the plant from taxes for a period of ten years. The mill building will be 300x100 feet, with a 50x50ft. engine and boiler room. It will employ between two and three hundred girls and other operatives. The building and machinery will aggregate $125,000.00 in the plant, against which the $30,000.00 raised by the town will be recorded as a mortgage.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Responsibility that carries no weight is not responsible.

Genius produces the inventions while talent applies them.

HOW are the children this summer? Are they doing well? Do they get all the benefit they should from their food? Are their cheeks and lips of good color? And are they hearty and robust in every way?

If not, then give them

Scott's Emulsion

of *cod liver oil with hypophosphites.*

It never fails to build up delicate boys and girls. It gives them more flesh and better blood.

It is just so with the baby also. A little Scott's Emulsion, three or four times a day, will make the thin baby plump and prosperous. It furnishes the young body with just the material necessary for growing bones and nerves.

All Druggists, 50c. and $1. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

Opening of Garman's Opera House.

The opening attraction at Garman's opera house Friday drew a fair sized audience to that pretty play house. The company was John W. Vogel's Mastodon Minstrels and extravaganza "Darkest America." The performance was one of the best of the kind ever seen in Bellefonte and was highly enjoyed by all present. The singing and dancing specialties were all fine and the costuming was elegant.

The performers who deserve special mention are La She, the King of the high wire; U. S. Patterson, Baritone soloist; Miss Laura Walker, the Virginia Nightingale; Bailey and Kirk, high class musical artists; and John Racker, the Alabama blossom.

Also Climax Brandy of Grape.

The superior vintage of 1878 Brandy introduced by the Speer N. J. Wine Co., is highly spoken of by physicians

—A few nights ago the large steam saw mill at Woodward, Centre county was destroyed by fire together with about 100,000 feet of lumber. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. The loss is estimated at about $4000. No insurance.

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S Favorite Remedy

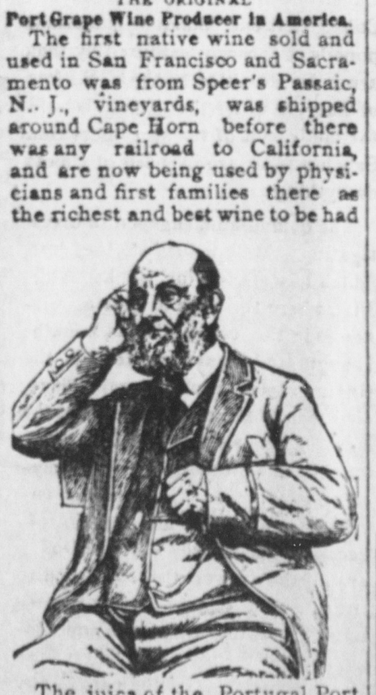
The one sure cure for The Kidneys, Liver and Blood

ALFRED SPEER,

THE ORIGINAL

Port Grape Wine Producer in America.

The first native wine sold and used in San Francisco and Sacramento was from Speer's Passaic, N. J., vineyards, was shipped around Cape Horn before there was any railroad to California, and are now being used by physicians and first families there as the richest and best wine to be had



The juice of the Portugal Port Wine grape grown in N. J. is thick and rich same as the juice of pears and other fruits grown here. From California pears you can squeeze water as from a sponge; so with all fruits grown in California; while those grown in New Jersey are solid in substance—less juice but thick and richer. The New Jersey apples, for instance, make a cider that was always popular the world over. If you want a wine for sickness or for entertainments don't take cheap, watery wines but choose a first class old, full bodied, high grade wine from Speer's Passaic vineyards. Sold by Druggists.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafied, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. 839-16t

Patronize Your Own Town

Especially if you can buy an article that is as good or better than you can buy elsewhere. We have it—It is better than most articles sold for same purpose—It cleanses the teeth—hardens the gums—destroys all germs—leaves a delightfully fragrant taste in the mouth—dentists recommend it—It sells for 25c and we guarantee it, it is called "GREEN'S AROMATIC Antiseptic Tooth Wash—try it Manufactured at

GREEN'S PHARMACY,

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Office in Crider's new building corner of Allegheny and High streets. 37-45

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No 24 Temple Court. All manner of business attended promptly.

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This large illustrated sportsman's weekly is just the paper for you if you are a shooter or angler or amateur sailor or camper or observer of nature. FOREST AND STREAM is called the "sportsman's home journal," because all in the home read it. To know it is to like it. The price is 10 cents per copy (of all newsdealers); but that you may get acquainted with FOREST AND STREAM send 25 cents (silver or stamps), and we will send the paper for four weeks as a special trial trip. Our catalogue of best books on outdoor sports will come to you free. Address

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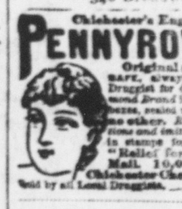

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OWN A TEN ACRE FRUIT & TRUCK FARM

In the Garden State of Delaware, near all the large markets of the country. Only 5 hours from New York, near Rail Roads, School and Post Office. High rolling lands, no hills or stones, rich soil, mild healthy climate, only short distance from sea shore, plenty of fishing and hunting. $10 down, balance in small monthly payments. Send for our paper which gives full information. Delaware Land and Improvement Company, 11 Broadway, New York City.

HAIR HEALTH

Never fails to Restore Youthful Color and Life to Gray Hair.

Use DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH. Covers BALD spots, stops dandruff, hair falling, scalp diseases. Don't stain skin or linen. Absolutely harmless.

Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

Best HAIR GROWER DRESSING for Men, Women, Children. If your hair is FALLING, FADING or TURNING GRAY, try at once DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH.

Only 50 Cents Per Large Bottle.

Prepared by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, N. Y., who will send it prepaid, together with a case of DR. HAY'S KILL CORN, only sure and instant 10c. CORN CURE, on receipt of 60c. three bottles, $1.50.

AT ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

DON'T ACCEPT ANY SUBSTITUTE.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED instantly. Our INVISIBLE TUBE Cushions help when all else fails, as glasses help eyes. Self-adjusting. No pain. Whispers heard. Send to F. Hiscox Co., 853 Broadway, N. Y., for illustrated book and Proofs FREE

The Bellefonte Republican,

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum.

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

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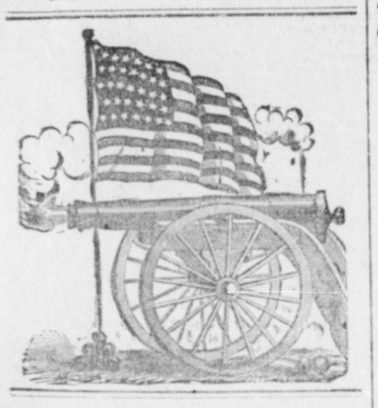
EDWARD T. TUTEN.



A CONTEST TO DEFEAT THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

In closing an address to the people of Pennsylvania, Chairman Elkin, gives utterance to the following eloquent and patriotic sentiment which every true Republican should heed and act upon at the coming election:

"It might as well be understood now that this is a contest to defeat Republican supremacy in Pennsylvania. The organization is prepared to defend the party from all these reckless and malicious attacks. It is our purpose to labor for the success of the whole Republican ticket, county as well as state. It is our desire to uphold the administration of President McKinley, and we feel the necessity of returning the greatest possible number of Republican congressmen for this state. It is also important that a Republican United States senator should be returned from Pennsylvania. With a new governmental policy growing out of the issues of the war we should see to it that Pennsylvania is represented by straightout Republicans in both houses of congress.

"In conclusion I desire to say that I shall not enter into any competition with Mr. Wanamaker in defaming the state of which I am proud to be a citizen, besmirching the good name of its people in the eyes of the country. I prefer rather to exalt and glorify it within all proper bounds of language. God has blessed its hills and valleys with matchless resources, above and under ground, far beyond Golconda and the Klondike, and the genius and industry of its people have developed it into an imperial domain. I prefer to look at it with eyes unjaundiced by any disappointed ambition, and to think of it as it is, the home of education and integrity, morality and religion, rather than to proclaim it as a breeding ground of iniquity, whose people choose habitual criminals as their representatives to enact their laws and administer their public affairs."

Republican County Ticket.

CONGRESS.
W. C. ARNOLD,
DuBois.

STATE SENATOR.
W. A. OSBORN,
DuBois.

LEGISLATURE.
J. A. DALEY,
Curtin.
E. F. TOWNSEND,
Philipsburg.

PROTHONOTARY.
A. C. WILLIAMS,
Huston.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVENOR
WM. A. STONE,
Of Allegheny.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
J. P. S. GOBIN,
of Lebanon.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JAMES W. LATTA,
of Philadelphia.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPERIOR COURT.
WILLIAM W. PORTER,
of Philadelphia.
WILLIAM DAVID PORTER,
Of Allegheny.

FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT,
of Erie.
GALUSHA A. GROW.
of Susquehanna.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

"A PERFECT FOOD—as Wholesome as it is Delicious."

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S

BREAKFAST COCOA

"Has stood the test of more than 100 years' use among all classes, and for purity and honest worth is unequalled."
—Medical and Surgical Journal.

Costs less than ONE CENT a Cup.
Trade-Mark on Every Package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.,
TRADE-MARK. Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Oct. 17th 1898.

Chairman Babcock, of the Republican Congressional Campaign committee, is getting good news these days. Like Senator Hanna, he was awhile back afraid that over confidence would keep so many republicans at home that control of the next House might be lost, but from reports he is receiving the republicans in all sections are becoming thoroughly alive to the necessity of getting out the full vote and keeping control of the House, so that when the Senate becomes republican, as it will after the fourth of next March, both branches of Congress will be in a condition to put through the necessary legislation to carry out the domestic policy of the administration, which will continue the prosperity that the country is now enjoying, as well as show the world that the country is behind President McKinley in carrying out the new foreign policy made necessary by the results of the war in all history. The country knows just what the republican party offers it, both at home and abroad, while nobody knows what the democrat party would give it, further than that democratic success would mean a renewal of the uncertainties which were so disasterous to our commercial and industrial interests during the last Cleveland regime. There has never been any doubt during this campaign as to the feeling of the majority of the voters; only fear that a feeling of over security might result in too many republicans not taking sufficient interest to make sure of success in the Congressional campaign. Thanks to hard and intelligent work on the part of the party leaders that fear is daily being lessened, and bids fair to entirely disappear before election day.

The Treasury department has granted a request made by General Franco Sanchez, commander of the Cuban insurgent army at Mayari, Cuba, that one hundred thousand pounds of tobacco, captured by that army, be admitted to the U. S. free of duty, in order that it may be sold for the benefit of the men under Gen Sanchez, who are in need of almost everything.

The commission engaged in investigating the conduct of the war, which has started for Jacksonville, Fla., where the work of hearing witnesses in the camp will this week be inaugurated, was preceded by the ringing assertion of General Dodge, chairman of the commission, that the commission would see that every witness was protected who had anything to tell that might arouse enmity on the part of his superior officers. These words of Gen. Dodge are all the answer that is needed to the senseless charge that witnesses have been afraid to tell the commission what they knew. There has been no such fear on the part of any witness, but there has been wide differences in the stories told to the commission and those published as having been told by the same witnesses to yellow journals. A notable case of this sort was that of Dr. Seaman, who arrived in New York, from Porto Rico, last week, and whose alleged sensational statements to yellow reporters caused him to be summoned to Washington, by telegraph to testify before the commission.

American furniture is getting control of even such far away markets as South Africa. In a report to the Department of State Consul General J. G. Stowe, at Cape Town, says the value of American furniture imported into South Africa, in 1897, was $254,979.90, being second only to Great Britain and ahead of Germany and that Americans can easily control the market, if our manufacturers will ship their furniture "knockdown" and so made that it can be put together easily, numbering each corresponding piece. Concluding Mr. Stowe said: "There is no fault with the prices charged by American manufacturers, even with the duty added; but it is the excessive freights on account of bulk, and the difficulty of putting together, shipped knockdown of which the dealers complain."

The presence in Europe of some of the yellow correspondents who did the tallest lying during the war with Spain accounts for many of the sensational stories from Paris about dead locks in the Peace Commission the probability of European interference in the negotiation in behalf of Spain, and other equally silly fakes European interference in behalf of Spain might have been a serious thing in the beginning of the war, and there were really some reasons for fearing some attempt of that sort, but having let that opportunity go by without action, there is not the slightest reason for expecting anything of the sort in connection with the peace negotiations. The U. S. is not Turkey, and nobody knows it any better than the European potentates.

Pension Commissioner Evans has gone to Tennessee, where he will spend about two weeks on the stump for the Republican congressional and state ticket. He will also make a few speeches in Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio before returning to Washington.

TESTED AND PROVEN.

There Is a Heap of Solace in Being Able to Depend on a Well Earned Reputation.

It has been in Bellefonte for months. Any reader of this paper might have seen it. It is what everybody demands nowadays, but it's what they do not obtain. There's only one medium supplies it; only one can supply it; and probable only one ever will accomplish it. What is it? Let James Rine, of No. 2 Thomas street, employed in a planing mill, supply the information:

"I can speak as highly now of Doan's Kidney Pills as I did years ago and my case is pretty good evidence that the cures made by them are not temporary. I have not had any of the severe pains in my back since I used Doan's Kidney Pills, while before I suffered intensely. I used to be so bad that I could not put my shoes on and could hardly drag myself around. Though I have had slight touches of backache it never amounted to much. I have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to nearly a hundred people and I know of those who have had the greatest relief from suffering by using them. I can say that they are reliable and permanent in their effects.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Millburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name *Doan's* and take no substitute.

Gold Found at Canton.

Canton, Pa., residents are excited over the finding of gold in Mill creek a stream near that place. B. J. Davidson, a druggist, has leased several hundred acres of land. A piece of quartz found on the land contained 161 ounces, or $3'020 of gold to the ton. Othes pieces of quarts when tested assayed fifteen to twenty dollars to the ton.

Chronic Nasal Catarrh

poisons every breath that is drawn into the lungs. There is procurable from every druggist the remedy for the cure of this trouble. A small quantity of Ely's Cream Balm placed into the nostrials spreads over an inflamed and angry surface, relieving immediately the inflammation, cleanses, heals and cures. A cold in the head vanishes immediately. Sold by all druggists or will be mailed for 50 cents by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

AFFAIRS CUBAN!

Advices From Santiago and Also From Havana.

PRESIDENT McKINLEY AND CABINET

A Prediction As to the Personnel—American Fever Hospital Recommended—Havana and the Fifth Therein.

INSURGENT SOLDIERS' CONDITION

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, October 17.—The meeting of the Cuban assembly at Santa Cruz is fixed for October 20, but owing to lack of transportation facilities the members of the assembly will be unable to arrive at Santa Cruz on time, and the end of the month will probably have come before the election of a president and cabinet take place.

El Cubano, a daily paper of Santiago, predicts the election of the following ticket: President, General Maximo Gomez; vice president, Senor Bartolome Maso; secretary of foreign afiairs, Dr. Domingo Mendez Capote; home secretary, Senor Benjamin Guerra; secretary of justice, Senor Jose a Lanauza; secretary of war, General Calixto Garcia; secretary of public instruction, Senor Enrique Varona.

The local papers are much wrought up over the propositions denying the right of the Americans to grant concessions which Cuba libre would repudiate. General Wood has received a letter from Hayti requesting permission by many returning Cuban families to bring with them agricultural implements free of duty. General Wood replied that President McKinley's proclamation permitted this.

The telephone wires in the neighborhood of Santiago have been broken and torn down by Cubans for use in binding hay ricks. General Wood has ordered arrest of all found to be concerned in the affair. Many things have occurred which tend to show that the Spanish land system of registration is apparently perfect. Judge Advocate Blount has been agreeably surprised at finding in many instances his work simplified.

HAVANA, via Key West, October 17—Doctors Lane and O'Reilly have made a report to the surgeon general insisting upon the immediate establishment of an American fever hospital here. The existing hospitals do not isolate yellow fever patients, and the result is that if a person suffering from any other complaint is removed to the hospital he runs the risk of contracting the fever. This was the case with Stenographer Dalbey, of the American evacuation commission, who is suffering from malarial fever. His next door neighbor is ill with fever of a different character.

Colonel Clous has received a plan of every fortification on the island except ours, signed personally by General Blanco. These plans have been requested by our commissioners ever since their arrival, but were not delivered until yesterday.

The transportation commission has begun work upon the plans for the extension of the railroad to the camp at Guanabacoa, which will be the first to be got ready. They have asked for bids for the work, and laborers are being employed to push the work actively.

Colonel Waring has found Havana dirtier than he anticipated. He says it will be necessary to tear open the streets and lay drainage pipes and sewers. He sees no reason to fear an epidemic, as there was no spread of diseases when the streets were opened recently to lay water pipes. He is greatly satisfied with the excellence of Havana's water supply. Industry and commerce continue at a standstill.

Many planters and merchants who recently returned here anticipating an early resumption of business are abroad again to wait until affairs are settled in Cuba, as they do not dare embark in business ventures or risk a cent in the present unsatisfactory and indefinite condition of political affairs in the island. In the meantime the country daily grows poorer. The sugar and tobacco crops are unsown.

surrendered to a woman in the water wreckage that was supporting him and swam ashore unaided. The woman was saved. Her name is reported as Miss Webb, but no such name appears in the company's list.

THE Republican ticket from governor down is worthy the support of all voters.

THE irresponsible growler is hard to find since the war inquiry board invited him to come forward and give particulars.

CANDIDATE JENKS is kept busy these days making speeches, but he will have plenty of time to rest at home after the election.

Revival in Business.

A dispatch was sent out from Bellefonte Monday as follows:

Every indication now points to one of the greatest revivals in business in this section of the state experienced since 1892. Since the sale of the Valentine Iron company's plant about a month ago the purchasers have been at work organizing a new company to operate the furnace and ore mines here and have about completed the organization.

The personnel of the company has not yet been made public, but it will be composed of prominent and financially well-backed business men of this place and Baltimore, with John M. Dale, Judge Beaver's law partner, actively in the lead here, while Mr. Bond, of Baltimore, and the present owner and operator of the new furnace at Punxsutawney is securing the necessary co-operation at Baltimore.

Following close on the above news was the semi official announcement that the much-talked-of extension of the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania, or rather the Bellefonte and Clearfield branch, was now to be built for sure and that work on the construction of the line would be commenced in the very near future. Officials of the Bellefonte and Clearfield company here, when asked regarding the truth of the announcement, would neither deny nor confirm the report, admitting, however, that when the road was built it would be done with a rush and that the general public would know nothing of it until work had begun. It was further admitted that the business indications now were more favorable to the completion of the road than at any time since the survey was completed several years ago.

Publicity Demanded.

From the Baltimore American.

If the government hopes to impress the public with the sincerity of the investigation now in progress of Alger's management of the war department, the utmast publicity should be given to the proceedings. It will not do to say that the room is too small for the admission of correspondents and the public. If the government is able to pay the expense of the inquiry, it is able to hire quarters sufficiently large to accommodate those who seek to give the news to the public.

American Interests in China.

From the Providence Journal.

No one can foretell what our new ventures in the far east will lead us to undertake, but it is certain that new responsibilities have been put upon us since the glorious May 1, and new possibilities opened before us. We cannot keep the Philippines without acquiring a greater interest trade and sentimental, in all the eastern coast of Asia. Our proximity to the Chinese empire, by reason of our holdings at Manila, creates new bonds perforce, and we cannot ignore our opportunities to increase our commercial relations with that mpire.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla

Dr. Swallow, who has been accused of charging more for stationery supplies than was paid by the State, is now kept busy denying that such is the case. He alleged that the State was being robbed by the contractors who furnished this material, and, with the purpose unknown to him, he was asked to quote prices on similar goods. His figures in nearly every instance were larger than the State was paying and yet the Doctor has declared that the State was being robbed.

THE MOHEGAN DISASTER.

The Atlantic Transport Company Issues a Statement.

CAUSE OF CALAMITY NOT YET KNOWN

The Steamer Sunk in Twenty Minutes With The Captain on The Bridge Shouting to Save Women First.

SOME DARING RESCUES MADE

London, Oct. 17.—The Atlantic Transport company issued the following statement last evening regarding the fate of the passengers and crew of the steamer Mohegan, which was wrecked last Friday off the Lizard, between the *Manacles* and the Lowlands:

"Of the passengers, eleven have been saved; ten bodies have been recovered and thirty three are missing.

"Of the crew and cattleman, thirty nine have been saved; fourteen bodies have been recovered and fifty-one are missing."

Since this statement was issued 9 other bodies have been picked up, including two that have been identified as passengers. The reports of the various correspondents differ widely as to the rescues, recoveries and losses, though none has been able to obtain the exact number of those saved or of the bodies discovered.

The bodies of the following passengers have been recovered: T. W. King, Edna King, Master King, Jas. Blackey, Miss H. M. Cowen, Dr. Fallows, B. Franklin Fuller, *Mrs.* L. M Luke, George Seymour, *Mrs.* L. H. Warrener.

The latest advices from Falmouth last evening says that thirty eight bodies have been identified, mostly the bodies of sailors. Four are as yet unidentified, including those of two elderly ladies. One appears to to be a German. She wore a watch and wedding ring, both engraved "1871." The other wore a silver brooch with the letter "D" in pearls. This is probably the body of *Mrs.* Charles Duncan.

Nine of the bodies have been brought to Falmouth, the others to the village church at St. Keverne. The rescued passengers are being sheltered at cottages along the shore and the crew at the Sailors' Home at Falmouth. Tugs have been cruising in the vicinity all day, despite the very rough weather, in hope of picking up other dead bodies.

The cause of the disaster remains the profoundest mystery. Nobody attempts to explain how the Mohegan got so far north of her true course—from six to seven miles. There was no fog at the time, while the wind on her port quarter was not sufficient to prevent her answering the helm. It has been suggested that her compass was faulty, but daylight lasted long after Eddystone light was passed. The sailors say the fact that the Lizard light was not visible should have served to give the alarm.

The masts of the Mohegan, which are above the water, show that her stern is landward, causing a theory that the navigation officer, on discovering that he was in the bay, suddenly turned seaward. Two engineers who are saved declare, however, that they never slackened speed.

Messrs. Smith and W. J. Bloomingdale say there was the greatest difficulty in launching the boats. The ropes were new and stiff, and the blocks would not work. Four or five times as many sailors as should have been necessary struggled to lower each boat. The lockers were hard to open. The crew, in a chivalrous effort to save the women, made the mistake of under-manning the boats. There were only four sailors in one boat, which capsized as soon as it was launched. Messrs. Smith and Bloomingdale say that Captain Griffiths had appeared ill all day. Remarkable stories of rescues continue. Robert Barrow, a seaman, performed the feat of swimming unaided through the roughest water to Coverack Point, a distance of two and a half miles. He climbed up the ragged cliff, where a searching party found him early the next morning, completely exhausted. A. C. L. Smith, of Oregon, a passenger

Terrible Pains

In the Stomach—Dreadful Headaches—Face and Neck Covered With Boils—Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla—Skin is Now Clear.

"I was covered with boils all over my face and neck. I had dreadful headaches and pains in my stomach. I took medicines, but was not much benefited, and I procured six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking the first bottle I could see an improvement. When I had taken a few more bottles the boils had all gone, my skin was clear, my appetite returned, and my health was entirely restored. I am thankful I ever found such a blood purifier as Hood's Sarsaparilla. I paid out a good deal of money for useless medicines before taking Hood's Sarsaparilla." W. F. BECKWITH, Hurlock, Maryland.

If you decide to try Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Be sure to get Hood's. Price $1, six for $5.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Andrews Opera Company.

Manager Garman has under advisement a plan to secure the celebrated Andrews Opera Company, the same company intact which had a long and successful engagement in Philadelphia last spring, for one performance, Thursday evening, October 27, of Ball's beautiful opera, "The Bohemian Girl." The plan is to secure a sufficiently large subscription sale to warrant the company's appearance in this city, and he accordingly invites the generous support of the music loving public of this city and those desirous of taking advantage of this exceptional opportunity will confer a favor upon Manager Garman by leaving their names and number of tickets desired either with him or at the regular reserve seat sale. By the above subscription method the management is enabled to place the price of seats within the reach of all, viz: $1.00 for best seats. The Andrews Opera Company is one of the very strongest and best organizations in the entire country, presenting grand and comic opera in English. It includes forty talented singers and the cast contains some of America's most prominent operatic artists, such as Miss Myrta French, prima dona, Frank Walters, tenor; Geo. Andrews and W. C. Howard, baritones; Tom Johnson, basso; Warren Shaw, tenor; Pearl Mightser and Carrie Godfree, contraltos, and C. A. Barker, comedian. The opera "The Bohemian Girl" is one of the most popular and beautiful of the entire list of grand operas and as presented by the Andrews Opera Company affords a most delightful evening's enjoyment to those who have a penchant for high class music.

—Farmers and boarding house keepers will do well to keep their eyes peeled for a certain Mr. Thompson, reputed millionaire, who has been operating in the Ligonier valley and was last heard of on a bark wagon in the vicinity of Somerset. According to the Greensburg Tribune he is a fraud of the first water and neglects to pay for his boarding and lodging. When Mr. Thompson arrived at Greensburg he went to the county clerk's office and disposed in the vault there an Adams Express company receipt which showed on the face that he had sent $50,000 to the treasury at Washington, D. C. Then he went into the country roundabouts and began offering fabulous prices for farms, several of which were sold to him—on paper. He boarded with a Mrs. Kroft, of Ligonier, and afterwards with a Mrs Collinswood, of Greensburg, to whom he is said to have exhibited $44,000 in currency. His actions were quite peculiar and he having invariably slept with a revolver under his pillow and while sitting in his boarding house kept one on a chair beside him. Suddenly he left Greensburg without paying any of his board bills and without taking along the alleged valuable receipt.

The democratic party is a non progressive one as it is camping on the old camp ground of Thomas Jefferson and the old republican party. It should get a move on and move on to the ground occupied by the republican party of two years ago and then it would command a little respect.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania know that this is a Republican year, and they are going to hold up the hands of the President by electing the Republican candidates for congress. It would be a great note if the next congress should contain a majority of men opposed to the President's wise and patriotic policy. And that is just what will happen if the Republicans do not get a majority. Every Republican is in duty bound to vote the straight ticket this year.

The Fusion Attack on the Republican Party.

(From the Philadelphia Inquirer.)

THE STALWART SPIRIT IS AROUSED.

Rank and File of Republicans Resent Slander.

THEY REMEMBER GARFIELD.

Governor Hastings Sounds the Keynote of the Campaign.

The Governor Goes Through All the Libelous and Scandalous Charges of the Enemies of the Republican Party and Exposes Their Weakness.

(Special Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, Oct. 18.—The Republican meeting at the Academy of Music at which Governor Daniel H. Hastings was the principal speaker was the event of last week. It marked the revival of stalwartism. The sort of Republicans who stood by Grant in '72, who had stood by Lincoln, and who stood by Blaine, were brought to realize that the same old agencies were making another endeavor to bring triumph to the Democratic party by vicious and unscrupulous personal assaults on Senator Quay and those who are known to be his friends.

When Governor Hastings appeared he was greeted with an ovation, and spoke in part as follows:

"One of the candidates for governor in February last year charged in a religious newspaper, of which he was editor, 'that new metal furnishings have been paid for by the state, but old ones in use by the state carried into the state house cellar, cleaned and returned, were made to personate the new ones paid for.'

"That in the purchase of material and labor for making additions, alterations, repairs and furnishings, the capitol buildings, and cellars and grounds, also for the executive mansion and now for Grace church, the state has lost many thousands of dollars as the result of an unfair system of competitive bidding. In other words, that the cost to the state has been two, three, four, as high as eight times, in some instances, as much as it should have been, and that not all of this money went to the persons furnishing the materials and labor, and further that at least some of the board of public grounds and buildings custodians have guilty knowledge of this excessive cost.' These charges if true, should have made it impossible for me to appear before this audience or to hold the office of governor for another day.

"Let me tell you what followed the publication which I have just read to you. Its author was immediately arrested on the charge of criminal libel. He was taken into the criminal court. He was tried by a jury of his peers and was convicted. The verdict of the jury was 'guilty.' He applied for a new trial. It was refused, and the trial judge, in his opinion refusing a new trial, inter alia, said: 'The indictment alleged that these paragraphs (the quotations just read) were published of and concerning the members and superintendent of the board of public grounds and buildings, and that the meaning of the paragraphs was to charge them with knowingly and corruptly and fraudulently cheating and defrauding the commonwealth, and with fraudulently and corruptly misusing and misappropriating to themselves and to others the public moneys of the commonwealth.'

"Defendant admitted the publication, but denied that he intended it to refer to the board or its members, or that it in fact charges them with the offenses alleged in the indictment.

"The burden was of course on the commonwealth to prove that these paragraphs would be understood by the public to charge the members and superintendent of the board or some of them, as alleged in the indictment, and the jury was instructed that if the commonwealth failed in this proof defendant could not be convicted. In view of the verdict we must assume the jury found with the commonwealth on these points.

"To establish the defense that the publication had not been maliciously or malignantly made, defendant testified at length, giving in detail all the facts claimed to be within his own knowledge, and all the information that he had received which led him to make the publication; and nothing of this kind, however remote, was excluded.

"Since then the convicted editor has mercilessly abused the trial judge, the jury, the opposing lawyers and the state, reiterating the same charges, particularly about Grace church. Who would not commend at least his misdirected energy? His defense must have been well prepared. He was indefatigable. He left no stone unturned. He was several times at my stable cross-examining my hostler and the cook in our kitchen to find out something in the garbage or the manure pile to injure me or my family.

"II. Again this candidate in the same paper charged 'That articles have been furnished for the soldiers orphans' schools that cost the state eight fold more than reliable bidders were willing to furnish the same articles for.'

"The soldiers orphans' schools commission immediately held a meeting in the executive chamber, its members consisting of General Gobin, Senator Mitchell, Captain William F. Stewart, Hon. Ira F. Mansfield, Hon. Robert M. Foster, Colonel Ezra H. Ripple and Captain George W. Skinner. The members of the commission at once resolved to arrest him and the warrant was served. When he faced the jury his principal defense was that there was no malice intended. This was the first case tried, and the jury leniently found him 'not guilty, but pay the costs.' It was in effect notice to him that we will let you off this time, but pay the casts and don't do it again.

"I am sure you will admire his modesty when I tell you that he shortly afterward wrote me a letter—here it is, I hold it in my hands—asking me to donate him some money to help pay these very costs. This is the letter:

"'Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 16, 1897.

"'Governor Daniel H. Hastings:

"'My Dear Sir: The suit against me on the charge of having libeled the commission of soldiers orphans' schools, of which you are a member, should never have been brought, as I am now prepared to demonstrate to the satisfaction of all concerned, including the taxpayers of the state.

"'The $660 bill of court expenses, including the names of witnesses who were never subpoenaed, should not have been incurred, or at least should not have been placed on me.

"'The bill of expenses, over and above $660, and which I was compelled to incur in my defense, including my witnesses, my time, my lawyers' fees and incidental expenses, amounting in all to $1,250, is a burden I should not and will not be compelled to bear unaided.

"'In view of all the circumstances, the commission should, and can well afford to, pay both of these bills, aggregating $1,910, or less than $175 for each of the 11 commissioners. This should be attended to by or before Dec. 1, 1897.

"'Yours truly,

"'S. C. SWALLOW.'

"III. The same candidate has charged repeatedly on the stump and in the newspapers 'that the sum of $8,220.01 was paid for carpenter work on the rose propagating house, which the state authorities admitted was worth, including material and labor, not more than $1,800.'

"The rose propagating house referred to was built under an act of the legislature of the session of 1895, in which in the general appropriation bill the sum of $1,800 was appropriated. The language used in the act is as follows: 'For the payment of the erection, construction, completion and furnishing of a rose propagating house, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.' Under this act a house was built, together with all the excavation, masonry, carpenter work, glass, iron, painting and material of every kind, finished complete for use, for the sum of $1,800, the amount appropriated, built by Charles H. Miller, who took the bid.

"I have these figures taken from the record of the auditor general of the state. The statement, therefore, that this building cost over $8,000 is utterly and unqualifiedly false, and I challenge any practical builder, who understands the value of material and labor, to construct a duplicate of this building for any smaller sum than was paid for this rose propagating house by the board of public buildings and grounds of the commonwealth, and I also challenge any man to show that the building in question cost more than $1,800.

"IV. At the trial in the Dauphin county court, above referred to, the candidate, in his defense, brought out, of course, everything he could to justify his charges in regard to the fitting out of Grace church, and inasmuch as he was found guilty of criminal libel, after producing all the testimony within his reach, it is hardly worth the time of this audience to make any further reference to it. As a matter of fact, the church was fitted up for the occupancy of the legislature in four days and four nights. I took personal charge of the work myself, and if the Dauphin county jury had brought in a verdict of acquittal there might be some ground on which the defendant might rest his allegations. It was necessary to fit up rooms for the senate and house of representatives. The cellar was utilized for committee rooms. There were required new boilers, partitions, windows, electric light, steam heat, plumbing, retiring rooms, desks, chairs, tables, carpets, and whatever else was necessary to make the church habitable by the legislature, its officers and employes. Every bidder who had obtained, after competitive bidding, the yearly contract for furnishing the supplies to the state government, was summoned and directed to do his part of the work by the following Monday night.

"The fire occurred on Tuesday. The contractors went to work on Wednesday, and although the church was not completed, the church was habitable for the legislature, and the two houses met on Monday evening, according to my promise to them. There was a disposition among the members of the general assembly to take a recess of 30 days.

"I was opposed to the recess, and it was only when I gave them my personal word that the building would be ready for their occupancy on the following Monday night, that they acceded to my wishes. A delay of 30 days would have cost the state, at a conservative estimate, between $20,000 and $30,000, perhaps more than the latter figure. The old Capitol building was completely destroyed by fire. Nothing but a small amount of furniture was saved. Mark you, every contractor was required to furnish his material and do the work, under his contract price for the year, after the competitive bidding and letting on the previous first of June. Two sets and sometimes three sets of workmen worked alternately through 24 hours of each day. The desks, chairs, tables, bookcases and paper files comprised a large part of the expense, amounting to $16,531.68. The lumber used was measured after it was put in place, and paid for on that measurement. I am informed the defendant himself had it measured, at least he had the opportunity to have it measured for use in his trial, and still the jury found him guilty. Since his conviction he has been as assiduous in repeating his charges as he was before. This must convince the people of the state the kind of regard he has for laws and courts—as after his conviction he continues to repeat the crime for which he was convicted.

"It may be proper for me to say that the present law providing for the purchase of supplies for the state government is modeled after that in force by the Federal government at Washington. By our law and the constitution there is a maximum price fixed for each article, and the commission is required to give contracts to the lowest responsible bidders, each bidder being required to bid such percentage as he may desire off the maximum figure. The law requires that each item must be advertised for bids in 12 newspapers of the state, and that not more than three of the 12 shall be in the same county. Any person desiring to bid on any articles can apply to the board of public grounds and buildings through its representative, who furnishes the schedule of maximum prices. He can make out his bid and hold it until the day of the letting, which is public, and in the executive chamber, where all bids are opened. The contracts are by law required to be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, who must furnish a bond for the faithful performance of his contract. All parties have a right to be present, and the awards are made publicly, and each and every bidder has the opportunity to see and examine the bids of his rivals for the contracts. Inasmuch as the material furnished and work done is for the state the rivalry for the contracts is always spirited.

"On last Saturday night in this hall, and standing on this platform, this same candidate made the following charge:

"'In Grace church they bought 146,000 feet of lumber when only 66,000 feet were used. Those familiar with their methods say that they had the lumber carried in by the front door, charged to the state, and then removed half of it by a back window, but I do not vouch for this. But that 146,000 were charged to the state while the amount used was 66,000 I do vouch for. The bills were regularly O. K., and would have been paid had we not arrested them.'

"The answer to the assertion is that it is not true. The state did not buy 146,000 feet of lumber, as alleged; neither did the state buy 66,000 feet of lumber, as stated by the candidate. It did buy exactly 115,232 feet of lumber and paid for it the sum of $2,910.04. The total cost of the lumber that went into the church repairing was $2,910.04, and the total cost of the planing mill and carpenter work was $2,382.51, making a total cost of the lumber and the labor upon it of $5,292.55. Here are the bill and the voucher for it over the hand and seal of the auditor general of the state.

"Again, this candidate for governor has declared in his newspaper and on the stump that the burning of the state capitol building was by design and that it was done for the purpose of burning up public documents which might be used as testimony against certain members of the Republican party; and that 'further, there is convicting evidence of criminal carelessness and neglect on the part of the state house custodians.'

"The last sentence, quoted from his newspaper, contains a serious charge in no ambiguous terms. After this statement he was called upon to testify before the joint committees of the two branches of the general assembly on public grounds and buildings. He was sworn to tell the truth, and then under oath he did not in any way, either directly or indirectly, indicate that he had at any time regarded the building as having been set on fire by design. He could give no names of the guilty; he could furnish no witnesses; he could give no data; he could do nothing, not even repeat the assertion made in his paper, and so at last he declared under oath: 'I have already testified to all the facts within my personal knowledge in relation to the capitol building, and so far as I can recall them. Any further testimony would be hearsay evidence, as I have heard nothing from anyone responsible for the care of the building burned.' This testimony is contained in the Legislative Record, pages 723 and 728 inclusive, and there is not a scintilla of evidence given by him or anyone else to support his charge of carelessness or neglect.

"At a later date, in an article published in the Pennsylvania Methodist, of Feb. 11, 1898, he intimated that the building was burned in order that valuable papers and documents relating to the treasury investigation might be destroyed. When called upon the witness stand he admitted writing the article and said that when he wrote it he had in view a statement which he had seen in the Philadelphia newspapers bearing on the subject and averred that it was made 'on the statement of gentlemen who profess to know of what they were talking.' He refused to give the names of the gentlemen who had given him the information, and has not yet done so, although a year and a half has elapsed since the investigation was held. Everybody at all familiar with the facts knows that there was not a record relating to the treasury or any other department on file in the building burned.

"A citizen of this commonwealth, who is a candidate for the highest office within the gift of the people, who withholds information from the public, which he avers is 'convicting evidence' of the destruction of the capitol building of our commonwealth for the purpose of destroying valuable papers and documents relating to the investigation of the state treasury, then being made, charges an awful crime, and in withholding the evidence, if it exists, commits himself a greater crime against the people. He is constantly repeating the charge, but he steadfastly withholds the proof of guilt which he avers he possesses. No citizen need be told that if he is telling the truth it is his solemn duty to go to the nearest magistrate and make his information and furnish the names of the witnesses. If he fails to do his duty in this regard he is worse than an assassin.

"He has latterly in his public utterances been declaring that he has the advice of able counsel to the effect that, under the law, the attorney general is the only citizen of the state who has the power and whose duty it is to prosecute those whom he alleges to be guilty, and he has, just as often, in his newspaper and on the stump, called upon the attorney general to institute proceedings of this character.

"I do not know who his attorney is or where he gets his advice. The attorney general has, however, addressed to me a communication on the subject, which I will now read to you. It is as follows:

"'Office of the Attorney General,

"'Harrisburg, Oct. 10, 1898.

"'Daniel H. Hastings, Governor:

"'Sir—It has been charged by one of the candidates for governor of this commonwealth that sundry public officials have been guilty of wrongdoing, and that under the law the attorney general only is clothed with the duty and the power to prosecute. In answer to your inquiry as to whether such is or is not the case, I respectfully submit that there is not only no such duty imposed upon the attorney general in his official capacity, but that it is the right of any citizen, having knowledge of the facts, to make information before any alderman or justice of the peace in the commonwealth, cause a warrant to be issued, and the person charged with the offense duly tried, whether he be a public official or a private individual.

"'The same candidate for governor has on repeated occasions stated to his audiences that he has called upon the attorney general to institute proceedings of this character. I believe it to be due to you and to the public, as well as to myself to say that the candidate referred to has never, directly or indirectly, mentioned the subject to me, and, of course, has furnished not a syllable of evidence to sustain any charge that he has made; nor has he, in any of his public utterances, shown that he possessed any evidence that would be admissible in any court in any civilized country in the world.

"'Very respectfully,

"'Henry C. McCormick,

"'Attorney General.'

"As Abraham Lincoln, in speaking of a candidate, once said, 'If the people like this kind of a man, this is a very good man for the people to like.' If the people of this state want this kind of a man for governor to enforce the laws, to do justice to all and wrong to none, to safeguard their lives, their property and their character, if they want such a man, this is a very good man for them to vote for."

Governor Hastings also took Dr. Swallow to task for his charges that the state had been paying exorbitant prices for its supplies. On this point the governor said he instructed James Campbell, the factory inspector, to send to Dr. Swallow's own bookstore in Harrisburg and purchase similar articles to those used by the state. In every case it was found that the prices charged by Dr. Swallow and paid for by the state were procured at prices ranging from 10 per cent to 356 per cent above the regular prices paid by the commonwealth. He read a number of the figures showing the comparison of prices; among them:

	State price.	Swallow price.
One ream of Mt. Holly Crown linen, 16 lbs. to ream	$2.32	$3.30
One box of 100 sheets W. S. & B. Canton paper, No. 1, black 8-3	3.08	4.00
1000 circulars	.71	2.50

These were but sample figures of a long list which he exhibited.

The governor closed with a defense of his administration from criticisms of increased expenditures and a reference to the objectionable bills passed by the last legislature and which were vetoed by him.

He said that he had no regrets for those vetoes and that he would not ask the people to return to the legislative halls those who betrayed the trust reposed in them by their constituents who honored the a.

In conclusion he said:

"Prudent bankers do not go out of business because they discover the peculations of a dishonest teller.

"The thrifty farmer who discovers his barn infested with vermin will not burn down the building filled with the year's crops only for the purpose of ridding himself of the pests.

"Our victorious hosts at Santiago did not throw down their arms and surrender to the enemy because some quartermaster failed in his duty, or the commissary neglected to bring forward the rations or the hospitals were remiss in caring for sick and wounded. No, they scaled the heights of El Caney and planted the flag on the summit and looked after the maligner after the battle was won.

"Neither will the Republican party, with all its glorious history and all its achievements for humanity; with all its victories in peace and in war; with all its accomplishments for mankind and for civilization and all its brightening prospects for the future, now standing in the sunlight of its noblest achievements, break ranks and disintegrate because of the wrongdoing of a few men who wear its uniform."

Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

Republican, N.Y. Tribune $1.50

The Republican Party.

We often hear it asserted by democrats that their party has been dominant in the Nation in the majority of years since the organization of the government and they have repeated that falsehood so often that some of them begin to believe it when the official historical facts show that from 1789 to 1897, when the election of William McKinley took place, covering one hundred and eight years, the democratic party has elected but seven Presidents none of which served but one term of four consecutive years to the Presidential office, making the years served by democratic incumbants 28, whilst Republican Presidents have occupied the Presidential office at the close of McKinleys first term just 60 years, and during the last 38 years there has been but two democratic presidents and but one democratic congress which was during Cleveland's last administration. Since the organization of the government there has been but two Presidents elected by the Federal party; Washington two terms of four years each and John Adams to one term of four years making in all 12 years of Federal administration. Then comes Jefferson, Madison and Monroe of eight years each and John Q. Adams with one term of four years, all of which were elected by the Republican party and were pronounced Republicans, making twenty-eight consecutive years of Republican rule. In 1828 Andrew Jackson was elected as a Republican—Democrat, having ran four years previously as a Republican and was beaten by Adams.

In 1832 Andrew Jackson ran for president as the democratic candidate and was elected being the first time the democratic party achieved success in the Republic. Then came VanBuren for one term of four years, followed by the election of Gen. Wm. H. Harrison, as a Whig, by the Whig party, whose administration was succeeded by Polk, a democrat elected by the democratic party in 1844 and who in turn was succeeded by Gen. Taylor elected by the Whigs in 1848. Taylors administration was succeeded by Pierce, a democrat, who served one term of four years, which term was followed by the election of Buchannan, by the democrats in 1856. Since that time with the two elections of Cleveland, the Republican party has elected every President.

Thus it will be seen that the Federal party administered the National government twelve years, the Whig party eight years, the democratic party twenty-eight years, and the Republican party sixty years and at the end of the McKinley administration 64 years out of the 11 years of the existence of the government of the United States. This evidences the fact that no other party than the Republican party can run this government satisfactory to its citizens. And it is also a fact that no other party is capable of administrating the affairs of this government properly in the welfare of all the people but the Republican party which has made this republic the largest and the most prosperous of any other government in the world and its people the most happy.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

Bellefonte Markets

Corrected weekly by Gerberich, Hale & Co. The following quotations are taken at noon on Wednesday of each week

PER BUSHEL		PER TON	
Wheat, new	64c	Ground Plaster	$8.00
Red Wheat	64c	PER BUSHEL	
Rye	40c	Buckwheat	20c
Corn, shelled	40c	Clover seed	
Corn, ears new	32c	Crimson Clover seed	
Oats, old	26c		$3.00
Oats, new	20		

PRODUCE MARKETS.

Corrected weekly by Sechler & Co.

PER POUND		PER BUSHEL	
Lard	6c	Potatoes	45
Country Shoulders		Onions	50
Country Sides		PER DOZEN	
Country Hams		Eggs	12c
Tallow	03c		
Butter	18c		

PLAIN AND FANCY JOB WORK
—(DONE AT THIS OFFICE)—

TWO ISSUES MET.

Submission of Prohibition Amendment and Sunday Closing of the World's Fair.

BIBLE IN THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD

United States Senator Quay Widely Commended For His Manly Stand on Two Questions That Aroused Popular Feeling.

An inquiry bearing upon two interesting incidents in the career of Colonel M. S. Quay has been made by a reader of the Philadelphia Inquirer, wrote the editor of that paper one day last week. The following letter was received at that office yesterday:

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 13, 1898.
To the Editor of The Inquirer:

Dear Sir: In a controversy with a ministerial friend two questions have arisen relative to Senator Quay, concerning which I will be pleased to have you enlighten us.

I. Was or was not Senator Quay responsible for the action of the legislature in submitting to a vote of the people of Pennsylvania the question of a constitutional amendment prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquors?

II. Was or was not Senator Quay responsible for the action of congress in prohibiting the opening of the Chicago World's Fair on Sunday?

Yours very truly,
ALBERT R. MASON.

The Inquirer is able to answer these two questions very explicitly, and in the affirmative. Senator Quay was the author of both propositions. At the Republican state convention in 1886 Senator Quay presented a plank in favor of the passage, by the state legislature, of a resolution submitting to the vote of the people a prohibitory amendment. This plank, which was adopted as a part of the state platform, was as follows:

"Whereas, There is an evident desire on the part of a large number of intelligent and respectable citizens of Pennsylvania to amend the constitution by inserting a clause prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating drinks as a beverage within the limits of this commonwealth; therefore,

"Resolved, That it is the opinion and judgment of this convention that the legislature of the state should at once adopt measures providing for the submission of this question to a vote of the people, in acordance with the true spirit of our free institutions."

The legislature of 1887 passed the submission resolution and the legislature of 1889 did likewise, the constitution providing that two successive legislatures shall take such action before a vote of the people can be had. In accordance therewith a special election was held June 18, 1889, throughout Pennsylvania, the amendment in question being voted upon by the people themselves.

BROUGHT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

To bring about this result was no slight task. There was very considerable opposition, both in the state convention of 1886 and in the legislatures of 1887 and 1889, and Senator Quay carried through his program only after the hardest kind of a fight. While not taking sides either for or against prohibition he took the ground that there was a considerable element of the people in favor of constitutional prohibition, and they should be given a chance to vote upon the matter—or upon any kindred question—as provided by the constitution.

Regarding the question of closing the World's fair on Sunday the record is equally clear. On the 9th of July, 1892, the United States senate had under consideration a bill appropriating $5,000,000 "for the purpose of aiding and defraying the cost of completing the work of preparation for inaugurating the World's Columbian exposition" at Chicago.

For months there had been a tremendous sentiment throughout the country against the Chicago exposition being kept open on Sunday. Resolutions of protest were adopted by churches, Sabbath schools, ministerial unions, synods, conferences, Young Men's Christian associations, etc. Not only were the clergymen of the nation aroused, but the religious element of the people generally, in all the states, manifested its opposition in aggressive shape. Thousands of adverse petitions were sent to the various senators and representatives in congress. These petitions contained several million signatures; a larger number, according to one of the senators, "than were ever signed to any appeal to congress."

QUAY HAS THE BIBLE READ.

It remained for Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, to take the first step towards recognizing the sentiment of the nation, and giving it expression in concrete form. On the day above named he arose in the senate and started the ball rolling. The following is taken from page 5941 of the Congressional Record:

Mr. Quay—"On page 112, line 13, after the word 'act,' I move to insert:

"'And that provision has been made by the proper authority for the closing of the exposition on the Sabbath day.'

"The reason for the amendment I will send to the desk to be read. The secretary will have the kindness to read from the Book of Law I send to the desk the part inclosed in brackets."

The vice president—"The part indicated will be read."

The secretary read as follows:

"Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy. Six days shalt thou labor and do all thy work. But the seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God: in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, thy manservant, nor thy maidservant, nor thy cattle, nor the stranger that is within thy gates. For in six days the Lord made heaven and earth, the sea, and all that in them is, and rested the seventh day; wherefore the Lord blessed the Sabbath day, and hallowed it."

As was stated by one of the senators, this was the first time in the history of the senate the Bible had been officially recognized by that body by an extract therefrom being read and entered upon the record.

The purpose of Senator Quay's amendment was to prevent the $5,000,000 appropriated to the World's fair commissioners from being paid over to them until they should agree that the fair should be closed on Sunday.

A long debate followed, lasting five days. There was vigorous opposition upon the part of many senators, owing chiefly to the fact that the managers of the World's fair objected to such interference with their prerogatives in the premises. One of them, Senator Morgan, of Alabama, the leader of the Democratic side, took occasion in his speech to say, referring to Senator Quay:

"The most astute politician in this chamber, or perhaps in the United States, originated that amendment."

Senator Quay's amendment was put to a vote July 13 and passed the senate.

Senator Quay was the recipient of many telegrams and letters of congratulation for his courage in raising the question of Sunday closing, which every other senator seemed disinclined to do, and he was commended for his firmness in forcing the question to an issue in spite of numerous efforts to sidetrack it. Resolutions of congratulation were passed by religious bodies all over the country.

THANKED BY MILLIONS.

The following telegram to Senator Quay from J. B. Helkig, president of the Ohio Sabbath association, voiced the spirit of the country upon the important subject:

"Eleven million petitioners thank you for your amendment on Sunday closing."

Sermons were preached upon the subject, clergymen publicly thanking Senator Quay for his valuable services in behalf of the Christian Sabbath. Among others was Rev. J. H. Leiper, D. D., of Philadelphia, who, in a sermon delivered in Pittsburg, said:

"Pennsylvania has stood in the forefront of the battle for the Sabbath. Her loyal citizens, her supreme court and her governor have stood like a wall of fire against all assaults of its enemies. Not the least among its defenses was the official attitude of Senator Quay, who moved, as a condition of granting a loan to the Columbian commission, that the gates should be closed on the Sabbath, and supported his motion by having the clerk of the senate read Exodus xx, 8, declaring, 'That, gentlemen of the senate, is the law.' Honor to whom honor is due."

In these days of vilification and abuse, heaped upon him by his jealous enemies, it is a pleasure to point to these two conspicuous instances where Senator Quay's services have been upon the side of justice and morality. It is interesting to note in this connection that Senator Quay is a minister's son, his father, Rev. A. B. Quay, having been an eminent clergyman of the Presbyterian church. It is but fair to assume that in pursuing the course he did in these two matters the senator was actuated by a reverence for his father's memory and respect for his high calling.

A NATIONAL STANDPOINT.

Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee Speaks of Colonel Quay.

"The sensational arrest of Senator Quay and his son, which has caused so much comment throughout Pennsylvania, has attracted not a little attention in the national capital," writes Smith D. Fry, the well known Washington correspondent. "The only Democratic newspaper published here merely says: 'It is assumed, apparently with good reason, that it is not a Democratic scheme, but it is part of the campaign which has been carried on by a group of Pennsylvania Republicans for several years. Ordinarily it would be assumed that this was sufficient foundation for such a suit, but fair minded persons, even though strongly opposed to Quay and Quayism, are apt to regard this as a political trick.'

"Republicans here bitterly denounce the action which has been taken. Their views are crystallized in an authorized interview with Chairman Babcock, of the Republican congressional committee, who says: 'This attack upon Senator Quay should cause all good stalwart Republicans to rally to his support. If the attack had been made when the alleged crime is said to have been committed, or if the charge had been made after the campaign had been concluded, or if it had come out at any other time whatever, I should not doubt Senator Quay's honesty, but I should not look at it politically.

"'But, coming at this time, it is palpably a piece of Democratic and anti-Republican trickery, and is palpably done for a political purpose, that in my judgment every Republican in Pennsylvania should see through it. I do not believe the Republicans of Pennsylvania can be stampeded by such political methods. Senator Quay and his son borrowed money from the bank and paid it back. That is plainly apparent in the newspaper accounts. I know Senator Quay well, and have had financial as well as political dealings with him, and have never known him to be guilty of a dishonest transaction. I believe that the honorable Democrats in Pennsylvania, and there are thousands of them, will resent this action by their votes at the polls. I am confident that the Republicans of that magnificent commonwealth will stand by their ticket.'"

TWO IMPORTANT CONTESTS.

Political Issues Alike in the Empire and Keystone States.

The same issues are involved in the great political contests in Pennsylvania and New York, where the important matter at stake in each case is the election of a United States senator. The fact is that the combined anti-Republican and anti-McKinley forces are making desperate efforts to get control of the United States senate. The free silver Democrats are particularly active in this direction.

Every effort is being made to break down Republicanism in the interests of the opposition to the great policies of the Republican administration. Here in Pennsylvania Democrats, Prohibition orators and men once Republicans have united in a campaign of vituperation, scandal and preposterous exaggeration. They have charged against the Republican party almost every crime in the category, and from every stump they are continually bearing false witness. All the foes of Republicanism are uniting in fusion movements to send Guffey, the Democratic leader, or some other foe of Republicanism to the United States senate, thus destroying Republican control of that body. They are trying to defeat Stone for the governorship and to cut Pennsylvania loose from its support of McKinley.

In the face of the great issues that confront us it is farcical to declare that this campaign is not of national importance and that the conduct of a dead and buried legislature or some local issue of the past must alone be debated. The Republican party has placed honorable, honest and manly candidates in the field. These men have not been attacked, and no one dares attack them. Then why, merely to please a Jenks, or a Swallow, or a league engaged in venting its personal spite, should the Republican voters be turned away from their ticket?

No Republican should allow himself to be induced to give a complimentary vote to any candidate for the legislature. The Republican candidates should be loyally supported.

THE LEGISLATURE IS AT STAKE.

Pennsylvania Editors in the United States Senatorial Campaign.

THEY ARE FIGHTING FUSION

Republicans Urged to Stand by Regular Candidates For the Legislature and For Congress, and Are Told Why They Should Do So.

"A patriotic president at Washington is battling for increased prosperity for the country, and he calls upon Pennsylvania and New York and the other states to support him," says the editor of the Philadelphia Inquirer. "Shall he not have this support from Pennsylvania? He cannot have it if we are to turn the state over to his foes or to men who are willing to risk the glory and honor of the country to gratify their own personal spite.

"We have arrived at a most important point in the history of this country. We are face to face with the greatest problems the nation has had to deal with for more than a quarter of a century. Cuba and Porto Rico and the Philippines must occupy our attention. Wise leadership is absolutely essential, for the affairs of these islands must be settled, and there loom up ahead new markets for our manufactured goods and the building of ships of commerce which will carry immense cargoes under the flag of the Union all over the world. Can these questions be settled with a Democratic party nagging and trying to nullify the good work of the president?

"No, Pennsylvania will stand by McKinley and will elect a Republican legislature which will send a Republican to the United States senate, and she will elect almost a solid Republican delegation to the lower house of congress."

FIVE MORE FUSION FIGHTERS.

"Patriotic reasons demand," adds the Lancaster Examiner, "that the results of the coming state and congressional elections should be in the nature of a full and hearty indorsement of the president, perfectly free from anything that could be construed as opposition or dissatisfaction with his war policy and the subsequent peace negotiations. Therefore, the case against Senator Quay, whether instigated by Democrats, Republicans or by persons actuated only by a sense of duty, might have been postponed until after the election. This course would have fully subserved the ends of justice, and at the same time would have been free from any harmful tendencies against the country."

"All the foes of Republicanism," remarks the Chambersburg Repository, "are uniting in fusion movements to send Guffey, the Democratic leader, or some other foe of Republicanism to the United States senate, thus destroying Republican control in that body. They are trying to defeat Stone for the governorship and to cut Pennsylvania loose from its support of McKinley.' In the face of the great issues that confront us it is farcial to declare that this campaign is not of national importance."

"Apathy or indifference should not be allowed to interfere with getting out the full party vote in order to strengthen the hands of the national administration and insure that the fruits of the late war shall be gathered," writes the editor of the Norristown Herald. "A Democratic majority in the new congress would be regarded, at home and abroad, as a vote of censure on President McKinley, to whose wise and prompt action was due largely the speedy settlement of the quarrel with Spain."

"The Republicans of Pennsylvania know that this is a Republican year," declares the Allentown Chronicle, "and they are going to hold up the hands of the president by electing the Republican candidates for congress. It would be a great note if the next congress should contain a majority of men opposed to the president's wise and patriotic policy. And that is just what will happen if the Republicans do not get a majority."

"The election of a Democratic legislature this fall means the election of a Democrat to the United State senate in January," says the Titusville Herald. "It makes no difference how excellent a Democrat may be, his voice will be raised and his influence and vote will be cast in favor of free silver, free trade and the rejection of the great fruits of the war with Spain. The vote in the senate is very close, and the loss of a senator from Pennsylvania might very seriously embarrass the administration in the execution of the wise, sound policies which it has in view."

And these are the opinions of but a few of the leading editors of Pennsylvania who are battling bravely against the Democratic scheme of fusion on the legislative nominations.

DEPEW'S TIMELY WORDS OF WARNING

"Our Chauncey" Speaks to Republicans of Pennsylvania.

STAND BY THE PRESIDENT.

The Distinguished Orator and Typical American Points Out the Vital Importance of Republicans Supporting Their Party Nominees For the Legislature to Insure the Election of a United States Senator Who Will Cooperate with the President.

Chauncey M. Depew gave some sound advice to Pennsylvania Republicans in a talk upon the importance of their standing by their party in the present campaign, says a special dispatch from a New York correspondent. This distinguished orator of the Empire state, whose latest effort was the placing in nomination in the Republican state convention of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt for governor, struck the keynote of the canvass for every election involving the naming of a legislature which will fill a vacancy in the United States senate, and in every congressional district, when he declared that national issues and national issues alone should influence the vote of every Republican this fall.

"Pennsylvania," he said, "has many interests in common with her sister state, New York, and I have a feeling of admiration for the sturdy loyalty of the great majority of her citizens to the principles of the Republican party. President McKinley looks to every patriotic citizen, and especially to the members of his own party, to stand by him in the present crisis. He must have a congress which in both its branches will give him encouragement and support in meeting the issues that are so vital to the country's immediate welfare and future prosperity.

"We are engaged in a campaign of unusual importance to the American people. The issues of sound money,

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

the currency and protection are as important now as they were in the presidential canvass, and new and startling ones are upon us. We must have in question as the result of the coming election that the country is not thoroughly in sympathy with this Republican administration. In states like New York and Pennsylvania, and the others which have United States senators to elect, Republicans should not permit petty disappointments of individuals or false cries of state or local issues to swerve them from the candidates of the Republican party for the legislature. They should remember that it has been only by side issues of this character that Democrats have gotten into the United States senate from ordinarily safe Republican states.

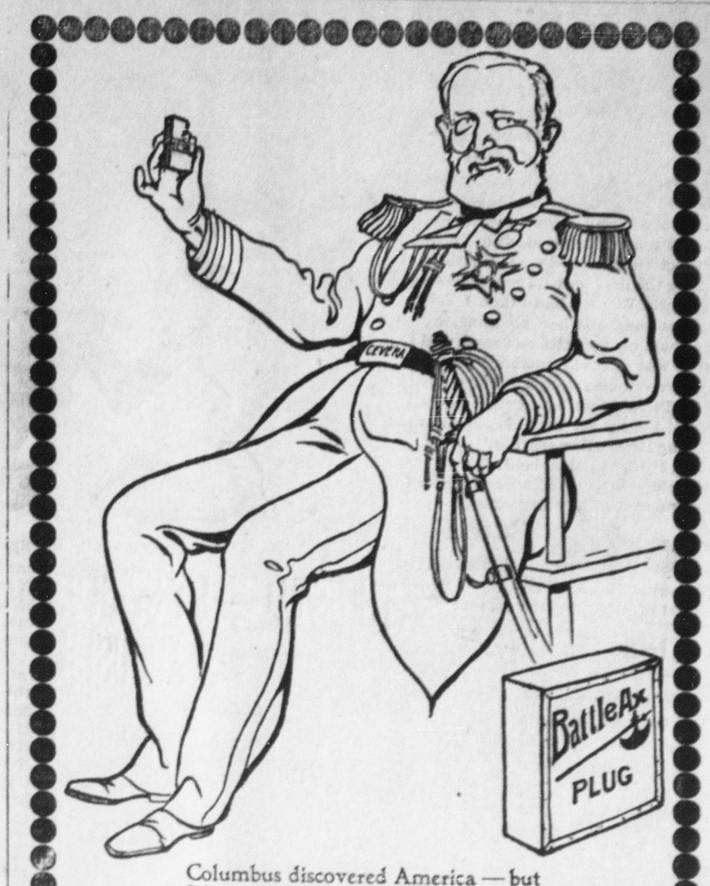
M'KINLEY MUST NOT STAND ALONE.

"Is William McKinley to stand alone at one end of the avenue with a hostile house and hostile senate at the other, or are we to stay up the arms of that brave, gallant, wise, patriotic president, and give him at the other end of the avenue not only a house of representatives, but a senate that will help to solve these problems? Clinging as hopefully as ever to the fallacies they advocated in the last presidential campaign, but remembering how they were repudiated and realizing the fallacy of sailing under their real colors, the Democrats hope to secure a majority in congress by making it appear that only state issues are considerations in this campaign. One might infer from their beating of the tom toms on this point that no congressmen are to be elected in this campaign and that the legislature to be elected will elect no United States senators.

FOR THE HONOR OF THE COUNTRY.

"In every state whey they are nursing any aspiration to win anything this fall," continued the distinguished speaker, "they are making the same hypocritical appeal to voters to consider that only state issues are involved. Local, factional, personal, any issues but national ones, they want the voters to think about, and in every state where they are making a fight they are seeking to hide behind this mask their national issues and the candidates through whose election they seek to promote them. They might as well throw off the cloak of hyprocrisy and face the music. I can give no stronger injunction to the Republicans of Pennsylvania than to urge them for the sake of their Republican president and for the honor of their country to stand by their party nominees."

The Democratic party in the background grins as the fight it started progresses. It watches with glee the efforts being made to destroy the superb and invincible chieftain who was their greatest menace. They gave what aid they can to the renegades and at every opportunity pour oil on the flames. The defeat of Senator Quay means a clean field for them to revive their trickery and fraud. They want Quay out of the way, and they glory in the fact that the work of destroying him has been so earnestly taken up by the brainless element in his own party. Republicans, do you see the point?—Williamsport Gazette and Republican.



Columbus discovered America—but
I have discovered BATTLE AX!

There is a satisfied—glad I've got it—expression on the faces of all who discover the rich quality of

BattleAx PLUG

It is an admirable chew fit for an Admiral.

In no other way can you get as large a piece of as good tobacco—for 10 cents.

Remember the name when you buy again.

—Bicycles are not considered good collateral in pawn shops these days.

—The sere and yellow leaf now blusheth at the nakedness it is disclosing.

—One month hence many political uncertainties will have been decided.

—Many hogs in Nittany valley are dying from the cholera.

—The Axe Mann cider press has made over 10,000 gallons of cider this fall.

—The potato crop turns out much larger in the county than was expected, while the corn crop is the largest and best ever harvested, and is selling at 30 cents a bushel.

—The hunting season opened today and many sports could be seen wending their way toward the mountains. Small game except squirrel are said to be very plentiful this season.

Sometimes the most careful women are the most careless. Many a woman bundles herself up, to keep out sickness—when she is neglecting the very worst sickness that can come to a woman. She allows a slight disorder to become worse, to slowly sap her vitality. The little pain and the other slight indications of trouble seem to her unimportant. She goes on, with increasing suffering, until life itself becomes a drag Nervousness, 'sinking spells,' digestive disturbances, and fifty other complications may arise from the derangment of the organs distinctly feminine. Over thirty years ago, the need for a reliable remedy for so-called "female complaints" was recognized by Dr. R. V. Pierce, then, as now, chief consulting physician to the World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, at Buffalo, N.Y. He prepared Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the most wonderfully effective remedy that has ever been used for such maladies.

Send 21 cents in one-cent stamps and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," illustrated.

—The chestnut crop in this county this year is immense. Several barrels have already been gathered and shipped to the city. In Penns Valley they are being retailed at three cents a quart.

—Mrs. W. C. Heinle who left last week for Philadelphia to have an operation preformed at the German hospital, has been suffering for some months with what her physicians thought was a tumor just below her right knee, but a visit to Philadelphia, some weeks ago, disclosed the fact that an operation would be neccessary, if not amputation. Thursday afternoon her sister, Mrs. Sarah Kelly, and son Will, went down as the news received from the hospital was not at all encouraging.

Married at Tennessee.

Jacob G. Baum, second son of Abe Baum of this place, was married to Miss Bettie Glick, daughter of Elias Glick, in the Temple at Clarksville, Tenn. on Wednesday evening Oct. 12 at 6 o'clock. The groom is so well and favorably known in this place that his many friends here will wish him all the good fortune possible. He has been living in Evansville, Indiana, for several years and travels south for a large clothing establishment.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Scalded to Death.

Mary, the one year old daughter, of Wm. Woods of Axe Mann, tried to walk for the first time last week and toddling about after her mamma who was busy in the kitchen, she pulled a pan of boiling water over onto herself. She was so badly scalded that she died from the effects on Tuesday Oct. 11

The funeral took place Thursday afternoon. Interment was made in the Union cemetery.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafied, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope, Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. 898-16t

I wooed my peerless Edith
Some twenty years ago,
But Danvers had me bested
A million plunks or so.

Yet winning Edith's daughter,
This happy day, I know
I've got the best of Danvers
A million plunks or so.

Spoke from Experience.

Buxom widow, at evening party—Do you understand the language of flowers, Dr. Crusty?

Dr. Crusty, old bachelor—No, ma'am.

Widow—You didn't know that yellow means jealousy?

Dr. Crusty—No, ma'am. Yellow means biliousness.—Tid Bits.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

—The smallest book in the world was printed at Padua, Italy, in 1896. It is 5-8 of an inch long; 7-16 of an inch wide and 3-8 of an inch thick and contains 205 pages. It is a reprint of an article on Galileo, printed in 1659. The point of a pin will cover a letter. The book weighs ¼ ounce and the price is $7.50. The compositor who set the type had to use a magnifying glass to pick out the letters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
Dr. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"The use of Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

"I prescribe Castoria every day for children who are suffering from constipation, with better effect than I receive from any other combination of drugs."
Dr. L. O. MORGAN, South Amboy, N. J.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M.D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., New York City.

"We have three children and they 'Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.' When we give one a dose, the others cry for one too. I shall always take pleasure in recommending this best child's medicine."
Rev. W. A. COOPER, Newport, Ky.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

What Peace Means to Russia.

From the Review of Reviews.

One thing at least is absolutely certain, and that is that Russia is profoundly desirous of keeping the peace, and is very far from being prepared to wage war with either Germany or England. It will be a number of years before the Trans-Siberian railway will be nearly enough completed to be used for transporting troops and supplies to Corea, Northern China, or any of those regions where there has been so much friction between British and Russian interests. It would be hopeless for the Russian soldiers to attempt to cope on the Chinese coasts with the English ships. Russia has plenty of men under arms, and could recruit still vaster forces; but her resources are so undeveloped that in a great war it would be well nigh impossible to transport or supply large Russian armies, and in such respects Germany is incomparably superior. Russia has every reason for desiring a long period of profound peace. Her statesmen have observed the progress of the United States, and realized the fact that the material greatness of this country is due to the immense development of the Mississippi Valley and the far west in the more than thirty years that have followed the civil war. The profound object of Russia's policy is to build railroads, open mines, bring vast areas of wheat lands into cultivation, and, in short, to build up the nation upon a basis of progress and prosperity. This being true, Russia would gladly obtain relief from enormous pecuniary burdens imposed upon her by the maintenance of her huge armies. She needs the money for railroads and the agencies of peaceful development. But she is the victim of the prevailing military system of Europe, considers it necessary to go armed if her neighbors do the same. It has been very much the European habit of mind to regard Russia as the great menace to the world's peace; but the Russians take precisely the opposite view of their position and are very far indeed from wishing to provoke a war. Moreover, they are shrewd diplomats, and have scored great points of late years. As matters stand, they have nothing to gain and very much to lose by going to war.

Blood-Cleaning.

House-cleaning is a duty in every well regulated household. People don't wait until the filth becomes painfully apparent, but it stands to reason that in every day use more or less dirt or dust accumulate. It is so with the human blood. From the enormous variety of eatables taken into the stomach, a quantity of useless material is bound to accumulate in the blood and clog the free and wholesome flow in the vessels. Every person should from time to time have a blood cleaning" and the best cleanser and blood-purifier is Cascarets Candy Cathartic. We recommend them to all our readers.

Sawdust and a White Hen.

An Iowa farmer, studying economy mixed sawdust with the cornmeal fed to the chickens. It worked so well that he gradually reduced the quantity of meal, until the ration was all sawdust. About this time a white hen stole her nest, and, after reposing three weeks on thirteen eggs, she came off with twelve wooden legged chickens and one wood pecker.

Approaching Wedding.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Margaret, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Holloway, of Salona, and Robert Garth, son of A. B. Garth, of Mill Hall, which will take place at the home of the bride on the evening of October 26th, at 7:30 o'clock.

A Card of Thanks.

Mr. J. Mitchell Garbrick wishes through the columns of the REPUBLICAN to extend his sincere thanks to the friends and neighbors for their many acts of kindness to him in his recent bereavement in the loss of his wife.

ADVICE TO MINISTERS.

Given by a Minister.

Preachers who practise it will preach better.

No class of people is so liable to throat trouble as the great class who make up the Gospel ministry. The strain put upon the vocal organs by constant exercise; the sudden change from a heated building to the cool air when the vocal organs are in a state of complete relaxation; the fact that a minister feels impelled to use his voice when actors and lecturers would take the needed rest; these are among the reasons why "Clergymen's sore throat" is known as a special disease. The Rev. E. M. Brawley, D. D., District Secretary of the American Baptist Publication Society, writes from Petersburg, Va., the account of an experience of his own which is profitable reading to those afflicted with Bronchial or other throat troubles. The substance of the letter is as follows:

PETERSBURG, VA.

J. C. AYER CO.,

DEAR SIRS: Three months ago I took a violent cold which resulted in an attack of acute bronchitis. I put myself under medical treatment, and at the end of two months was no better. I found it very difficult to preach, and concluded to try Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. The first bottle gave me great relief; the second, which I am now taking, has relieved me almost entirely of all unpleasant symptoms. To ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

"Prevention is better than cure." A bottle of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral kept in the house, will effectually prevent the rooting of a cold and its consequent development into some dangerous malady. This remedy has no equal in Bronchial troubles. The most stubborn cases have yielded to its use. It is equally effective for Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and every disease that attacks the throat or lungs. For years Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has been put up only in large size bottles, at a price of $1.00. To meet an increasing demand for a smaller sized package the remedy can now be obtained in half-size bottles, at half price—50 cents. Send for Dr. Ayer's Curebook (free) and you will get a clearer idea of the great value of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Address J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

LORD ROSEBERRY TALKS

Liberal Leader Speaks of the Egyptian Incident.

AS ONE OF GREAT GRAVITY

The Ex-Premier Says the Nations of the World Must Not Think the Ancient Spirit of England Is Dead.

HER POPULATION ARE DETERMINED

LONDON, October 13.—Lord Roseberry, the liberal leader and former premier, presiding to-day at an agricultural dinner at Epson, referred to the critical situation on the Upper Nile. He said:

"There are two or three considerations in connection with the question which make it of supreme gravity, the greatest being that in face of a deliberate warning that a particular act would be considered an unfriendly act, and that the act, in spite of great geographical difficulties, great hardships and almost unsurmountable obstacles, had beeen deliberately committed.

"The word 'unfriendly,' used diplomatically, is of exceptional weight and gravity, and when used to denote an act committed by one government against another the situation is grave. On that point I will say no more. Behind the policy of the government in this matter there is the untiring and united strength of the nation. I am perfectly certain that no idea of any weakening on this question has entered the heads of her majesty's present advisers. They have only to maintain the attitude revealed in the blue book and the nation will make any sacrifice and go to any length to sustain their action.

"On the other side of the channel, the question of the flag is an event of great gravity. We all honor that flag and would not wish it the slightest disrespect. But, after all, a flag is portable and I have some hope that the flag in this case is not the flag of France, but of an individual explorer, and not therefore, carrying the full weight of the public behind it.

"Among the reassuring features is the fact that M. Delcase (the French minister of foreign affairs) has received the representatives of Great Britain in a conciliatory spirit. By denying the existence of a Marchand mission, he has deprived Major Marchand of the official character which would give the hoisting of the flag a much more serious aspect."

After mentioning the untenability of Major Marchand's isolated position, Lord Roseberry said:

"These considerations lead me to hope that the incident will be pacifically settled in a conciliatory manner, but France must understand that there can be no compromise of the rights of Egypt."

Referring, in concluding his speech, to the "general disposition in recent years to treat Great Britain as a negative quantity and to infringe upon her rights in various parts of the world," his lordship says:

"The present government has shown no want of conciliation; some think too much, and a conciliatory disposition that is widely misunderstood. If the nations of the world are under the impression that the ancient spirit of Great Britain is dead, that her resources are weakened and that her population is less determined than ever to maintain her rights and the honor of her flag, they make a mistake that can only end in disastrous conflagration."

WHOOPING

One of the most distressing sights is to see a child almost choking with the dreadful whooping-cough. Give the child Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup, relief will be obtained at once and the sufferer will soon be cured.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures Whooping-Cough quickly.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Stung in the Throat.

Charles Martz, of Tyrone, was the victim of a peculiar accident on day last week He was visiting at Dry Hollow, and was drinking sweet cider out of a barrel, through a small gum hose, when a yellow jacket was sucked up through the hose in to Mr. Martz's throat. The bee stung him three times in the throat and breast, and the stings swelled up until Mr. Martz nearly choked to death. By the use of a tube the throat was kept from entirely closing up and the victim pulled through in safety, but he will not drink cider out of a barrel after this. We often hear of people getting stung in the mouth by bees in honey etc, but seldom does a bee get so far down in a man's throat as the one that nearly proved Mr. Martz's undoing. —Philipsburg *Ledger*.

—The Susquehanna University foot ball team will play at State College Saturday afternoon. Game called at 3:30. Admission 50 cents.

—Buckwheat cakes and maple syrup are the newest dish on restaurant bills of fare.

UP AGAINST WESTERN JUSTICE.

Thickening Complications in the Symington—Diem Elopement Case.

The arrest of the couple of elopers from Tyrone, Thomas O. Smyington and *Mrs.* Jessie Diem, at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, last week, has led to a series of complications. Immediately upon his arrival at Cedar Rapids, Mr. Diem, the injured husband, preferred the charge of adultery against the captured parties who admitted their guilt and were placed in confinement, Symington in the county jail, while Mrs. Diem, with her little daughter, was placed in charge of the matron at the city police station.

Symington thought he saw a loop-hole in the case that would enable him to get out of the scrape rather easily. He claimed to be a single man. This scheme did not work long, however, for he had languished in jail only a short time when his real wife, Mrs. Virginia McGuire Symington, of Altoona, appeared upon the scene, and also preferred the charge of adultery against him. Then he wilted. The new turn in the case so digusted J. H. Crosby, the attorney whom Symington had engaged to defend him, that the lawyer retired from the case and had a levy made upon the prisoner's wardrobe and all other belongings for the claim of $25 due him as his fee. Every phase of the case became more and more nerve-racking for the captured Lothario.

In the meantime Operator Diem seems to have repented causing the arrest of his wife, and would like to have the unsavory case dropped so far as she is concerned. He proposed that he might take her to her folks to remain with them for six months, after which he would determine whether or not he would again live with her. Last Wednesday morning Diem left Cedar Rapids for Omaha, Nebraska, to visit the Exposition, saying that he wanted to go somewhere to forget his troubles, and promising to return in three days. An amusing feature of the case is that Diem on going into the "Rowdy West," on his detective mission, disguised himself by wearing a fierce-looking false beard. As soon as he found that his prey were under arrest he threw off the disguise. Somebody then stole his whiskers. He wanted to be photographed in his disguise, but with the new turn of affairs, the photograph was not taken.

Symington's case came up for trial October 15, and all the Pennsylvania parties were served with papers to appear against him at that time. Mrs. Symington seems to have engaged in the repenting business also, and has expressed regret that she had begun prosecution against her husband. The Cedar Rapids authorities are perplexed at the vacillating course of the prosecutors and are wondering why they invaded the west if it was not to bring the guilty parties to justice. The likely outcome is that the case against Symington will be pushed, with his wife, Mr. Diem, and perhaps Mrs. Diem appearing against him. The trial would be brief and a long sentence in the Anamosa penitentiary undoubtedly awaits the prisoner. His case disposed of, there is every probability that the case against Mrs. *Diem* will be dropped, and it is quite likely that Mr. Diem, who doesn't want to have his wife sent to prison, will take her back to his home, or at least see her safely returned to her own home.—Tyrone *Herald*.

PRIVATE BERT STINE.

Reported Dead at Santiago, but Still Alive and at Philipsburg.

Private Bert Stine, formerly of this place, a brother to Harrison Stine and Mrs. Scott Woods, arrived here Thursday from Fort Thomas, Ky., on a ten day furlough. Mr. S. is a member of Co. H, Sixth United States infantry. He enlisted at Harrisburg July 5, 1895, and was honorably discharged at Santiago, July 4, 1898, reenlisting the following day. He was in the seige of Santiago from July 1 to July 4, being in the thickest of the fight. He assisted in the taking of San Juan Fort and Heights, but was fortunate enough not to receive the slightest injury. Quite a large number of men in his regiment were killed and wounded. After the surrender of Santiago his regiment went into camp on the hills above the city, where he soon took malaria fever. He had been reported dead, and his friends here never knew any better until he arrived here this morning. He is rapidly regaining his health, and is looking quite well. He is a very pleasant young man and converses intelligently and courteously over his experiences in the war.—Philipsburg Journal.

Pleasant as a Caramel.

Dr. VonStan's Pinapple Tablets are not a nauseous compound—but pleasant pellets that dissolve on the tongue like a lump of sugar, just as simple, just as harmless, but a potent aider to digestion and the prevention of all the ailments in the stomach's category of troubles. Act directly on the digestive organs. Relieve in one day. 35 cents.—35

Sold by J. N. & J. S. Krumrine.

Married.

At the Evangelical parronage, Bellefonte, by the Rev. C. H. Goodling, Mr. John E. Kuhn and Miss Erma V. Horner, both of Rock Mills, Centre county, Pa.

Life after all is but a big bundle of little things.

—Apples are neither so cheap nor so plentiful as last fall.

VIRDEN TRAGEDY!

A Quiver of Excitement Without any Results

MANY WARRANTS WERE SWORN OUT

These Were Not Served on Advice of the Military Officers Who Are in Charge—The Scale of Wages Explained

STATEMENT BY CHAIRMAN LUKENS

VIRDEN, Ill, October 15.—A new quiver of excitement swept over this town hourly throughout yesterday afternoon, and from 2 o'clock till nightfall rumor followed rumor, and not even the best informed had any definite idea as to what would develop during the night. Rumors that another train load of negroes was on its way here kept the excitement at a high tension, but the militia are in complete possession of the stockade and are closely guarding the railroad property.

The coroner's jury heard a large number of witnesses yesterday, but did not conclude. The inquest will last until Monday or Tuesday. Warrants were sworn out yesterday before the local magistrate by an officer of the Mines' union charging President Loucks, Manager Lukens and others with "conspiracy to murder," but on the advice of the military officers in charge here they were not served. This action, however, caused Colonel Young to refuse to allow several guards who had been employed by the coal company to depart for their homes in Chicago as he thought they might be needed as witnesses. Six ex-guards from St. Louis, who came up on the train carrying the blacks, and who were more or less seriously wounded, were allowed to leave for home after a consultation participated in by Colonel Young, Manager Lukens, Coroner Hart, Police Magistrate Roberts and Attorney Patton. Three of the men were so badly injured that it was necessary to carry them to the train.

Dr. Cyrus A. Peterson, of St. Louis had charge of the men and accompanied them to St. Louis on a special train over the Burlington. 3 hundred miners from Virden, Carlinville, Nilwood and Green Ridge, attended the funeral of A. Breneman, at Girard yesterday. There was no disorder

General Manager Lukins, of the Chicago Virdin Coal comprny, yesterday made the following statement in regard to the wages paid by his company and the demands of the strikers.

"Under the old scale of wages prior to the summer of 1897, the pay at our mines was twenty-five cents per ton, mine run, and fairly good miners could and did earn $2.25 per day of ten hours, free of all expenses. The pay rolls show an average of $2.29 per day net for every miner in the mine, with a range of $1.10 to $4.56 per day. The price of powder has been reduced fifty cents a keg since then, which makes a material increase in the miners' wages. At the price miners are demanding, forty cents per ton, an average miner can make from $3 to $4 per day and a good workman could have no difficulty in earning $6 per day. We have had men in our Virden mine working at fifty-five cents per ton, screened coal, which equals about twenty-eight cents per ton at mine run, make over $6 per day. The charge that the Chicago-Virden Coal company is oppressing its miners and is not willing to pay its employes living wages, is perfectly absurd and is not entertained for a moment by people who are familiar with the situation.

The miners are fighting to get all they possibly can for their labor. We do not object to the men making good wages, the more the better. All we desire is an opportunity to get our coal dug at a price which will allow us to enter the market and sell our coal without loss to ourselves, and this is impossible at the rate of pay demanded by the union workmen.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERsons in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salery straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75 References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Prest., Dept. M. Chicago. sep-26t

—The democrats of this county are afflicted with a night mare and in their distorted dreams would try to make the people believe that congressman W. C. Arnold will not receive the votes of many republicans because many applicants for a postmastership failed in their efforts to secure the prize they sought for. After looking the matter up we found but two applicants out of the ten for the Bellefonte postoffice who will not vote the straight republican ticket. They consider that the National administration that fought the war to a successful issue should be sustained and that can't be done in no other way than by electing a republican to congress, hence Mr. Arnold's election is assured.

The President a Slave to Catarrh.

D. T. Sample, President of Sample's Instalment Company, Washington, Pa., writes: For years I was afflicted with Chronic Catarrh. Remedies and treatment by specialists only gave me temporary relief until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave almost instant relief has proved the one good thing in my case."—32.

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

THE republican party has never been anything but an infamous thing in the eyes of its democratic enemies. Occasionally a democrat will mourn with affected grief over the "decadence of the party of Lincoln." Go look up the files of democratic newspapers that were in existence from 1856 to 1861 and learn from their editorial pages what they thought of the "black republican" party, and of the "buffoon from Illinois." No, though the democratic tiger may whitewash his stripes so as to fool some simple-minded, earnest-hearted republicans, he does not change them. This is a fact that will be borne in upon the aforesaid republicans after the returns from Centre county have been posted

Try Grain-O Try Grain-O

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. Grain-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1-4 the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers. 13 4t.

There is a peculiar fascination about many things whose origin is attributed to his satanical majesty.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

—Grapes still continue cheap and plentiful.

What do the Children Drink.

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about 1-4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c. 13 4 t.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.				May. 16, 1898.	READ UP		
No. 1	No. 5	No. 3			No. 6	No. 4	No. 2
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv.	Ar.	p.m	p.m.	a.m
*7 20	*7 45	*2 45	Bellefonte		10 15	6 10	9 48
7 31	7 50	3 57	Nigh		10 02	5 57	9 37
7 47	8 05	4 08	Zion		9 56	5 51	9 31
7 52	8 13	4 08	Hecla Park		9 51	5 46	9 26
7 44	8 15	4 10	Dunkles		9 49	5 44	9 24
7 48	8 19	4 14	Hublersburg		9 45	5 40	9 20
7 52	8 23	4 18	Snydertown		9 41	5 37	9 16
7 55	8 25	4 20	Nittany		9 39	5 35	9 13
7 50	8 27	4 22	Huston		9 37	5 33	9 11
8 01	8 29	4 24	Lamar		9 35	5 31	9 08
8 04	8 31	4 26	Clintondale		9 32	5 29	9 05
8 09	8 36	4 31	Krider's S'n'g		9 28	5 24	9 00
8 14	8 42	4 36	Mackeyville		9 23	5 18	8 55
8 20	8 48	4 42	Cedar Springs		9 17	5 12	8 49
8 22	8 50	4 50	Salona		9 15	5 11	8 47
8 27	8 55	4 55	Mill Hall		*9 10	*8 05	*8 42
			Ar.	Lv.			
10 15	9 45		Jersey Shore		4 22		8 08
10 30	10 20	Arr	WM'PORT	Lve	4 02		*7 50
*12 34	*11 30	Lve	WM'PORT	Arr	2 30		*7 27
8 29	7 09		PHILA		*8 36		*12 01
9 40			NEW YORK (Via Tamaqua)		*6 30		
10 40	29 30		NEW YORK (Via Phila)				9 00
p.m.	a.m.			Lv.	a.m		p.m.

*Daily. † Week Days. ‡ 4 00 p.m. Sunday ‡ 10 55 a.m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 12 01 a.m.

J. W. GEHART,
General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 18th '98, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
	College Exp.	Accm.		Mail.	Exp	Bellf
1*	*5	*2		*2	*4	6*
a.m	p m	a m	Lv	Ar	a m	p m	p. m.
6 30	4 00	10 30	Bellefonte	8 30	2 40	6 40
6 35	4 06	10 37	Coleville	8 40	225	6 30
f638	f4 10	f10 42	Morris	f 8 7	f2 22	f6 27
f643	f4 13	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f646	f4 18	f10 51	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f650	f4 21	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	12 06	f6 18
f655	f4 25	f11 02	Briarly	f8 20	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 28	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f703	f4 30	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f712	f4 40	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
f722	f4 44	f11 32	University Inn	f8 02	f1 32	f5 46
7 25	4 45	11 35	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f727	f4 50	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f731	f4 55		Bloomsdorf	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 00		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.

P. H. THOMAS, Supt.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—A new iron roof is being placed on the Bush House.

—Less than four weeks to election.

—To be entirely relieved of the aches and pains of rheumatism means a great deal, and Hood's Sarsaparilla does it.

—The fireplace will soon be not only decorative, but useful.

—Merrill Harper, of Company B. Fifth regiment, is visiting at the home of his uncle, J. W. Harper, this city. Mr. Harper is a resident of Bellefonte.—Lock Haven Express.

—On Thursday afternoon Mr. Joseph Alexander and Miss Sarah Brower, both of Union township were married at Milesburg, by Rev. King.

GEN. WHEELER says the Santiago campaign was well managed, and his opinion carries more weight than that of the entire copperhead fraternity.

—Tom Fleming and Tom McCafferty captured the first wild turkeys of the season while out hunting Monday near State College. They shot two each weighing 16lbs.

—R. A. Beck has kindly consented to play at the Vaudeville show Friday night. It is to be distinctly understood that this is to be the real Mr. Beck and no would be impersonator.

—Col. W. Fred Reynolds is making a great improvement at his beautiful home on East Linn street. He has torn down the old porch surrounding the front of his house and will rebuild a handsomer and larger one.

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer then you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure; Any drug store, 50 cents.

—A daughter of John Harmon, a farmer who lives on the Wagner farm in the "Big hollow," took washing soda in mistake for baking soda to cure a slight sickness and came very near ending her life. She was in a critical condition for several days.

—When the Bald Eagle valley express train pulled into Tyrone Tuesday afternoon and engineer John Leisinring went to look over his engine he found a plump, young wild turkey imprisoned by the air brake pipe on the bumper of his engine. The turkey was alive but was bruised slightly about the wings. It had evidently been frightened into flight by the train and flew into its imprisonment.

—Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, At your druggist.

SANTIAGO has been cleaned up, and similar work will begin in Havana within a few weeks. Yellow fever imported from Havanna has cost this country many millions.

—Venus is still the glory of the evening twilight, becoming brighter and brighter until the 27th inst., when it attains its greatest brilliancy.

—The Vaudeville show and Soldiers' farewell has been postponed until Friday evening, October 21st.

—Captain Hugh S. Taylor positively announces that Co. B, will attend the Peace Jubilee at Philadelphia on October 27th and 28th.

—John Zeigler, of Abdera, is lying in a critical condition. A few days ago while picking apples he fell from the tree and broke one of his ribs. The shock produced concussion of the brain.

—Philip Walters, near Nittany, as an experiment, is growing almonds on his lot. Those grown this season are perfectly developed. In the hull in the earlier green stage, they reach the size of a walnut, and when they ripen the hull opens like the chesnut burr.

—Ralph Waldo Emerson's son, Dr. Edward Emerson, himself a boy when Louisa Alcott was a girl in Concord, has written an article on 'When Louisa Alcott was a Girl,' which The Ladies' Home Journal is about to publish. Doctor Emerson gives a new view of the author of 'Little Men'—as a mimic and as the central figure of every dance and merrymaking in old Concord.

IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

The Full Proceedings of Monday Nights Session.

Council called to order Monday evening at 7:30 with President Keller in the chair and the following members present: Gerberich, Houser, Garrity, Sheffer, Wetzel, Tripple, Lowery and Valentine.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by clerk, Isaac Mitchell and there being no corrections they stood approved.

Verbal communications were called for and Louis Wetzel requested an additional light on Curtin street between Allegheny and Spring streets.

Mrs. Bernard Powers requested that the water main be extended to her property on East Lamb street.

A renewal of insurance policy for $10.000 on steam boilers at water works in Fidelity Insurance Co., was approved.

Street committee reported work done during the past two weeks on Bishop, Lamb and Thomas streets.

Water committee reported placing a new fire plug corner of Curtin and Spring streets near residence of Stewart Lyon. Tapped a pipe for Mathias Thall on Logan street. Repaired leaks on Curtin street. Steam pump running 14 to 16 hours.

The Fire and Police Committee had nothing to report.

The Market committee reported receiving from Market Clerk Shaughensey $5.50 as market fees.

Several bad walks were reported among the number being the one in front of property owned by I. R. Reynold's estate on Bishop street.

Messrs. Gault, Leitzell and Showers requested a board walk on Ridge street from Curtin to Beaver street.

High Constable James McCafferty Esq., has refused to arrest the cows on our streets, and on being requested to resign by council has taken the ground that council has no power over him and cannot make him resign. He claims it is not his duty to take up the cows.

Col. Reynolds offered to pave and fix alley between his property and Blanchards on Linn street if council would abandon it. Council decided it was not in their power to abandon public highway.

The request for light on Curtin street was referred to street Committee for investigation and report.

The complaints in regard to pavements on Bishop street and Ridge between Curtin and Beaver refered to street committee with power to enforce ordinance.

The request of Mrs. Powers referred to Water committee with power to lay 1¼ inch pipe to her residence.

It was decided to build a new and substantial pavement in front of Water works. It will be a vetrified brick walk with railroad iron for curbing.

The following bills were approved and orders drawn:

Water Pay Roll	$ 69.77
R. B. Taylor, coal for Sept	82.37
" " hauling	3.50
Wm B. Rankin, Ins. on Boiler...	37.50
Street Pay Roll	53.20
Police Pay Roll	35.00
T. Shaughensey, 2 wks mkt. clerk	1.00
C. C. Shuey sup. for soldiers fmly.	7.88
W. S. Sholl, rent for Sar. Lose	45.00
	$335.22

Noll's Store at Zion Robbed.

Sometime Monday night robbers broke into the store of B. A. Noll & Brothers at Zion. They gained an entrance by boring a hole around the lock and breaking it. They blew open the safe with dynamite destroying it. The safe was valued at $100.00 They also broke open the cash drawer In all they secured about $10.00 in money. No goods were taken

—The Methodist society of Coleville will give a supper in the Chapel next Saturday evening, the proceeds to be devoted to the cause of the society. Ice cream, cake and other delicacies will be served. The supper will be furnished for 10 cents a plate. Go and help along a good cause and get twice as much as your money's worth.

Take Notice.

Lost, strayed or stolen, Besebub, the celebrated cigarmaker who works for John A. McGinley. He has vanished.

Death of Mrs. Andrew Walker.

Mrs. Andrew Walker, formerly of this place, but late of Jeanette, Pa., died at her home in that city Tuesday morning at four o'clock. She was 61 years of age. The remains were brought to Bellefonte Wednesday afternoon on the 1:14 train and were taken at once to the U. B. church where services were conducted by Rev. Allen Rhen. Interment in the Union cemetery.

Not Yet Mustered Out.

Company B Pennsylvania Volunteers whose 30 day furlough expired Tuesday reported at the armory in full uniform at 11 o'clock. Instead of being mustered out or having their furlough extended as they had expected they are now to be continued in active service up to Nov. 7th. They must report at the armory at 9 a. m. and 4 p. m., for roll call, each day must wear their uniforms all the time and must not work. They must all stay in Bellefonte and are allowed 50 cents a day for rations.

FIRE ON EAST LAMB STREET.

The Laughlin Property Burned to the Ground.

Tuesday morning about half past twelve fire broke out in the large frame dwelling on East Lamb street occupied by the Misses Margaret and Jennie Laughlin and before it was under control had destroyed the residence with most of its contents.

The fire originated near the roof from a defective flue and was discovered by Mr. Chas. McClelland, who lives directly opposite, and who was awakened by the light which was shining into his bedroom. He at once hurried over and notified the Misses Laughlin just in time for them to make their escape.

The fire companies were soon on the scene and, although a wind prevailed, they succeeded in confining the fire to the Laughlin property.

The Misses Laughlin succeeded in getting part of their furniture out, but a great deal of it was burned and damaged. They had just set a stove up in the parlor and had burned some paper in it, and the fire is supposed to have started from it.

The loss is estimated at $1,500, with $500 insurance on furniture and $800 on the building.

The property belonged to the estate of the late Martin Laughlin and it is said will not be rebuilt.

Died From His Injuries.

Scott Karstetter, of Rebersburg, who was paralyzed by a pole falling on his back during a flag raising several months ago, and who afterwards submitted to an operation in the Williamsport hospital, died at his home Thursday night. He is survived by his wife. The funeral took place Sunday and was largely attended. Interment at Logantown.

The New Telephone Company.

The working crew for the new Central Commercial telephone company is at work between Lock Haven and Jersey Shore. Another crew is at Salona working towards Lock Haven. The poles are being set and it will not be long until the stringing of the wire will commence. The line to State College and Pine Grove Mill is about completed. The charter of the company includes Clinton, Centre, Lycoming, Clearfield, Huntingdon and Montour counties. The main office of the company is at this place.

—Reuben Loveland, of Lamar, has recently shipped eighteen bushels of chestnuts to different points.

—The volunteers who went to war and put up with four months' cooking by a man who didn't know a stew pan when he met it on the road will hereafter have some idea of the sufferings of a man who marries a girl who can't cook and doesn't learn. Thoughts of having to put up with some kind of cooking till death steps in should make the returning soldier very cautious in selecting a wife. The law doesn't promise a mustering out process for a man who has no other reason for complaint than that his wife's meals don't suit him. It is an enlistment for life.—Philipsburg Ledger.

—The Philadelphia Record states a self evident truth when it says "there is no way open for a repnblican to oppose Quay without opposing his party, or to oppose his party without opposing Quay." Senator Quay is not running for any office, but Mr, Stone is, and he has no connection with Quay, whatever. He is simply the candidate of the republican party for governor and should receive the vote of every republican in the state.

Republican, N. Y. Tribune $1,50

ACADEMY—WILLIAMSPORT.

A Close and Exciting Game for the State Championship.

On Saturday last the Bellefonte Academy foot ball team left via the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania for Williamsport, there to meet the strong Williamsport High School aggregation. It was an ideal foot ball day except for the wind which blew quite strongly.

At 2:45 p. m. the game was called, Captain Hughes winning the toss and choosing the north goal, with the advantage of the wind. Williamsport kicked off and Henderson carried the ball back fifteen yards. A series of line plays followed and the ball was pushed steadily down the field by Twitmire Cummings, Cassidy and Van Tassel. The ball was then given to Palmer who, aided by the magnificent interference of Hughes and Cummings, made a brilliant run of fifty yards for the first touchdown. Capt. Hughes kicking a very difficult goal. Score 6 0.

Williamsport again kicked off and by the same methods employed before, that of line bucking, the ball was taken within three yards of the goal. Another rush would have taken it over but the Williamsport boys played like fiends and Fleming, right guard, breaking through fell on the ball and thus the last chance to score was lost. The first half ended with the ball in Williamsport's possession at their own 50 yard line. Score: Academy 6; W. H. S. 0.

In the second half the wind had nearly died out, thus the advantage of goal was lost. Academy started the ball rolling by kicking off and by hard and persistent work quickly regained he pig-skin and again began to batter the line. The Academy faced odds such as would discourage the lion-hearted, yet they played a game such as would have been a credit to a professional team. They employed dilatory tactics and it was only by hard work that after nine minutes of play they succeeded in pushing Vail over the line for their only touchdown; Vail kicking a difficult goal. Score: 6-6.

The High School again kicked off and the team from the hill again brought it up the field, and although they knew time would not permit them to score they played hard and when but twenty yards from victory time was called. Score—B. A. 6; W. H. S. 6.

The only formation used to advantage by the Williamsport boys was the Cornell formation, and it was only once or twice that it was played to any great advantage. The game was an exceedingly interesting one and well worth going miles to see.

The tie will be played off next Saturday, October 22, when these two teams will meet at the glass works meadow.

The summary follows:

BELLEFONTE A.	POSITION	WILMSP'T H S
Palmer	left end	Vanfleet
Decker	left tackle	Price
Van Tassel	left guard	Helms
Garbrick	centre	Fisher
Tellers	right guard	Fleming
Potter	right tackle	Lundy
Twitmire	right end	H Worrall
Cummings	left half-back	O Worrall
Henderson	right half-back	Renn(c)
Cassidy	full-back	Vail
Hughes (cap)	quarter-back	Hoagland

Touchdowns—Palmer, Vail.
Goals—Hughes, Vail.
Umpire—Miller. Referee—Moore.
Time—20 minute halves.
Substitutes—Wright, Dorworth.

A Quiet Wedding.

Thursday evening at 7 o'clock a quiet but pretty wedding took place at the parochial residence on Bishop street. The contracting parties were Mr. Joseph McCulley and Miss Mary Wian, both of this place.

The ceremony was conducted by Rev. P. McArdle, rector of St. John's Catholic church, of this city. Mr. James McCulley brother of the groom, acted as best man, and Miss Florence Wian, a sister of the bride acted as bridesmaid.

The groom is employed at the Standard Scale works and is an industrious young fellow. The bride is a bright and pretty young lady and no doubt will make a fitting helpmate through life. This paper extends its heartiest congratulations to the happy young couple.

A Pleasant Surprise.

Miss Elberta Woodring, daughter of Mr. Aaron Woodring, of Port Matilda, was the recipient of a very pleasant attention from her friends Monday evening Oct 10. Miss Woodring had a birthday (we won't say which one) and her friends at Port decided to get up a little surprise in her honor. It wasn't so little, either, for about half a hundred of the good people of the neighborhood, including the band, assembled at a rather late hour at the hospitable Woodring home, where they spent a very delightful evening, with music and other entertainment. It is needless to say that the ladies of the party didn't come empty handed to the festivity and a nice banquet was served before the evening closed.—Philipsburg Ledger.

A Good Show.

Rice & Barton's company in "McDoodle's Flats" delighted a large audience at Garman's opera house Tuesday night. There was no plot to the play, it being written for laughing purposes only, and as such it was certainly a success. Pretty girls, pretty music and lots of fun, what more could you ask. The next attraction is the Soldiers Farewell and Vaudeville company next Friday night.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Miss Jennie Irwin, of this place, spent Sunday with friends in Altoona.

Ex-Sheriff Robert Cook, of Howard, transacted business in town Saturday.

Rev. John Craig, of Julian, transacted business in town Thursday.

Wm. Resides, of Julian, was a pleasant visitor in Bellefonte Thursday.

Dr. F. G. Mattern and daughter, Miss Lorene, of Milesburg, were the guest of Tyrone friends last week.

Hon. Harry R. Curtin, of Roland, Centre county, transacted business in Tyrone Wednesday.

Miss Ellen A. Gates, after an absence of several weeks spent in Loveville, is again in Bellefonte.

Fred Beezer, of this place, left for Jeanette Thursday to work in a large glass factory at that place.

C. P. Long, one of Penns Valley's most prosperous business men, transacted business in town Thursday.

George T Bush was among the Bellefonte people who attended the Knight Templar celebration in Pittsburg last week.

Miss Mabel Cowdrick, of Niagara Falls, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Otto, of Lamb street.

Mrs. Mary Gray, after a pleasant visit of two weeks with friends at Philipsburg, and Brookville, arrived home last week.

Charles Waring, of Philipsburg, Pa., a member of Co. B, was a pleasant visitor at this office Tuesday.

Mr. S. Greuninger, after four months' absence up in New York state, arrived home Saturday afternoon.

Hon. John Hamilton, of the Agricultural department at Harrisburg, transacted business in town Saturday.

Miss Mary Fox, of East Bishop street left Thursday afternoon for a short visit to friends in Pittsburg.

Misses Mabel and Madeline Woodring, of this place, spent Sunday at State College as the guests of Mr. T. S. Bailey and family.

Col. Wilbur F. Reesler and wife arrived home Saturday from Pittsburg, where they attended the Knights Templar conclave.

Mr. Ellsworth Fisher and wife, of Unionville, spent Sunday with Mrs. Fisher's mother, Mrs. Rachel Zimmerman, of this place.

Mrs. John P. Harris and Mrs. Gainsford departed Thursday to be present at the W. C. T. U. state convention which met at Harrisburg last week.

George S. Campbell and wife, of Punxsutawney, parents of Mrs. James K. Barnhart, are visiting the latter in this place. They will spend two weeks here.

Colonel and Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder and W. I. Fleming were among the Bellefonte citizens who attended the Knights Templar conclave Pittsburg last week.

Mrs. Charles Tripple and Mrs. Al. Diehl, both of this place, were guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Holmes, Sr., in State College, Tuesday and Wednesday of last week.

Mrs. McGinley, widow of the late Daniel McGinley, of this place, arrived home last week after an absence of several months, during which time she visited her children, Mrs. Dr. Coolidge, of Scranton; Mrs. Stewart Pierce, of Conneaut, O.; also, Mr. Phil. McGinley and wife, at Loraine, O. Mrs. Phil. McGinley accompanied her home and will visit her parents in Milesburg

J. Harry Green, of this place, spent Sunday at Philipsburg.

C. P. Long, of Spring Mills, transacted business in town Wednesday.

Prof. C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg, was a Bellefonte visitor Wednesday.

Miss Lucy Spotts, of this city, tarried over Sunday with her brother, Mr. O. J. Spotts, of Salona.

W. C. Heinle, Esq, arrived home from Philadelphia Wednesday. He reports his wife's condition as very much improved.

Mr. H. L. Hutchiston, of Philadelphia, express messenger between that city and Pittsburg, spent Tuesday in Bellefonte as the guest of Mr. Charles Tripple.

J. Irwin Underwood, son of Isaac Underwood, and familiarly called "Doc," arrived home Wednesday from Porto Rico. He was a private in the Sixteenth Pennsylvania volunteers.

—Dyspepsia—bane of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

Indian Trouble Over.

WASHINGTON, October 19.—The following dispatch from Indian Commissioner Jones was here yesterday morning:

Secretary of Interior: Walker, Minn., October 17.—Held a final council with the Indians at Bear Camp today. All but one will surrender Wednesday. They will assist the marshal in capturing this renegade. Believe that the trouble is all over. Have agreed to attend the court at Duluth with the prisoners. I am not likely to be home for a week.

HOME FROM PORTO RICO.

Orderly Rodger T. Bayard Tells of Thrilling Experiences.

Orderly Roger T. Bayard of Gen. Brooke's staff arrived home from Porto Rico Saturday evening on the 8.33 train, having arrived on the transport Obdam at New York Tuesday evening. Burt has some interesting experiences to tell, but the most exciting was his trip home on the boat from Santiago to New York.

They left Ponce September 28th, arriving at Santiago September 30th. They left there October 1st, and the next day when 200 miles from Santiago the boat was discovered to be on fire in the coal bunkers. The boat was turned back to Santiago, and the natives at the point of revolvers were made to go in and remove the red hot coal. Next to the coal bunkers and only separated by an inch steel partition was one hundred and forty-six tons of ammunition. This steel partition had become so hot that the men could not work near it. The boat was subsequently flooded and the fire put out.

They left Santiago October 6th and on the 9th the boat was again discovered to be on fire and was on fire when they reached New York under full head of steam.

There were about 250 typhoid fever cases on board, and two deaths on the trip, and they were buried at sea.

Burt brought back many valuable relics and although he enjoyed the trip yet he says he would not care to go back, and likes good old Pennsylvania the best after all. He is in good health and spirits and his friends were delighted to see him once again.

A Sudden Death.

The venerable David T. Hoover, a respected citizen residing near Roopsburg, died suddenly Tuesday while sitting at the breakfast table. He had just partaken of a hearty meal and was about to get up from the table when he suddenly dropped over dead. Several members of his family have died in just such a manner. Only a few weeks ago his daughter, Mrs. Mollie Minsker, was found dead in bed.

The cause of Mr. Hoover's death was heart failure. He was born in Union county December 18th, 1827, and would have been 71 years of age on his next birthday anniversary.

He is survived by his wife, Mary E. Hoover, and the following sons and daughters. Frank, Robert and David, of Altoona; William, of Axe Mann; Mrs. Cornelius Hazel, of near Bellefonte, and Katie, who resides at home.

He was a sincere Christian gentleman and a member of the Methodist church.

The late David Hoover came to Centre county when he was only 7 years old. For the last 25 years he has resided near Bellefonte. He has one brother living at Pine Grove Mills and two sisters, Elizabeth and Martha living at Clearfield.

The funeral services will be held at the house this Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Cupid Very Busy.

Register G. W. Rumbarger did a rush order business in the marriage market during the past week.

John E. Kuhn and Emma V. Woomer, both of Benner township.

Joseph McCulley, of Bellefonte and Mary Wian of Spring township.

J. A. Alexander and Sarah Brower both of Union township.

B. F. Royer of Potter Mills, and Mary E. Lingle, of Spring Mills.

Charles W. Owens, of Decator twp., Clearfield Co. Pa., and Mary M. Lingenfelter of Philipsburg, Centre Co., Pa.

Frank O. Sweal and Elva E. Nearhood both of Graham twp., Clearfield Co., Pa.

William F. Kessinger of Liberty twp., Centre Co., Pa., and Mattie F. Lucas, of Howard Pa.

William T. Winklebach, of Coburn, and Mazie F. Musser, of Aaronsburg.

Thomas H. Witmyer and Katie M. Harter both of Coburn, Pa.

Jerry Albright of Spring Mills and Orie R. Meyer, of Penn Hall, Pa.

John C. Harris, of Point Lookout, Centre Co. Pa., and Linda Blowers, of Philipsburg, Pa.

Charles A. Walizer and Cora M. Thompson, both of Howard, Pa.

Lewis Barto and Emma L. Kustenbander, both of Ferguson, twp.

John S. Bush and Rachel Resides both of Union township.